The Times-Democrat.

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E ENTOMBED ALIVE.

ful Mine Disaster in Pennsylvania District.

HUNDRED MINERS DIE.

ve-In Occurs While They Are At Work.

DETAILS ARE FRIGHTFUL.

ssing Scenes at the Mine When the Women and Children Learn There Is No Hope For Loved Ones to Escape.

LYESBARRE, Pa., June 29.—While ners were at work in the Red Ash of the Twin shaft at Pittston at 3 , the roof caved in, and it is be- l that all of the men perished. r 40 of the imprisoned men were sh-speaking miners, the others ners. The following were English- ing miners:

J. Langan, inside superintendent.
H. Linott, inside foreman.
x McCormick, fire boss.
ert Haston, machinist.
mas Murpl_, driver boss.
hael Costello
I. Kelly.
hael Gaudhan.
n Hart.
nes Dailey.
hael Connell.
del Ward.
nk Kehoe
es Cleary.
ard Buckley.
n Casey.
ard Rogers.
es Kehoe
es McDonald.
ard Delancy.
nelius McGuire
es Golden
O'Brien.
nael Hughes.
ard Kilday.
es Burke.
ick Ruane.
mas Tenpenny.
nael R. Gaffney.
mas Doing.
nony Kane.
. Murphy.
n Lee.
nony Gordon.
es Walla.
Wall.
Hisson.
mer O'Malley.
r Martin
nael Ford
nthr Darbrick.
mas Dempsey.
mas Carlin.
ek Gibbons.
O'Boyle.
r Joyce.

ty Polanders and Huns were en- i, and it is thought that the total r of bodies in the mine will 00

men were at work propping up f when the fall occurred. The was immediately given by the r of the fire bells and rescuers nt to work without delay.

than two-thirds of the victims narried men and leave families. f them were Acting Mayor Lau- ho was inside superintendent of ne, and J. H. Linott, a ward man.

it two weeks ago the surveyors d to Superintendent Law that ine was squeezing, and unless ere taken immediately to timber l might be looked for. Superin- Law lost no time, but at once umber of timbermen at work to he falling roof. The "squeeze" ed, however, and the situation alarming. In the afternoon a fall occurred and the men who work had to retreat before it. ultation of mine officials was ld and it was decided that heroic s would have to be resorted to ent heavy damage to the mine Superintendent Langan gave ions that the most experienced should be secured and timber- n an appearance at that hour re soon lowered into the work- They made their wry to Red m, 1,500 feet down the slope. rk of propping proceeded rap- il 11 o'clock, when another fall l. It made a low rumbling nd the flying coal and debris he men back

the "squeeze" ceased again and thought it was safe to resume They labored on until 2:20 a. n, so it is presumed, the roof ithout warning, making a tre- crash

men received any warning they e to run up the slope, but not to any great distance. The falling rock and coal filled up the slope and the adjoining gangways, completely shutting off all avenues of escape.

The alarm was first given by Water Carrier John Sheridan, who with William Rechard and Thomas Gill were the only ones to escape of the whole party who entered the mine. He was on his way up the slope to get some fresh water for the men, and when about 100 feet from the foot of the shaft was knocked down by the concussion. He was badly cut by flying coal and rock. He lay unconscious for 10 minutes and then came up the shaft. The concussion was so great that it was heard for miles around. The foundations of nearly every building in Pittston were shaken.

Crowds of people gathered about the mouth of the shaft and numbered thousands by daybreak. Stalwart men stood appalled, and frightened women, who had husbands or sons in the doomed mine, wailed in despair. When it was given out that there was little or no hope of rescuing the men alive, women and girls fainted and were borne away senseless.

The work of rescue was prompt and efficient. The best miners who remained on the surface joined voluntarily in the hazardous task. There was the constant menace of another fall or an explosion of firedamp. Special efforts were made to keep the air fan in good order so that if by any chance the men were alive they should have fresh air to breathe. The rescuers were divided into three relays of 40 men each, under the direction of Mine Foreman Alex McMullin. They made good headway, considering the difficulties they had to contend with, and at 3 p. m. had cleared the slope a distance of 600 feet.

It became necessary to swear in extra policemen to control the crowd around the mouth of the shaft. It had increased to fully 7,000.

Young Sheridan, the water boy, who had such a narrow escape, tells a thrilling tale of the disaster. He thinks there was an explosion of gas which blew down the newly erected timbers and caused the cavein.

The report that two bodies had been found in the mine was proved to have been premature. Up to a late hour no bodies had been found. All hope of finding any person alive has been abandoned.

Superintendent Lathrop of the Lehigh Valley Coal company, who is authority, says it will be 10 days before the bodies are reached.

A conference of prominent mine superintendents from all over the Wyoming valley was held. The conclusion was reached that to prevent further loss of life the work of rescue must proceed with care. It is also the unanimous belief of the superintendents that the mine is now a tomb and it will be some days before the rescuers reach the bodies.

FIRST COMMUNION

Services at the St Rose Catholic Church Yesterday.

At 8 o'clock Mass yesterday morning at St. Rose church, a class of seventy boys and girls received their First Communion. They were escorted from the school to the church by the Uniformed Rank, Knights of St John. High mass was chanted by the pastor, Rev. A. E. Manning, who also delivered some beautiful and wholesome advice to the children after mass. They ate breakfast with their pastor, after which the first communicants attended 11 o'clock mass in thanksgiving. At 3 p. m. the children attended benediction, when the boys became members of the St. Aloysius Sodality, and the girls members of the Sodality of the Children of Mary, and all renewed their baptismal vows. The church was beautifully decorated and the choir rendered some select music. All the services were impressive and beautiful.

PROGRAM

Of Races to be Given at the L. C. C. Track Wednesday Evening.

The following will be the program of events to be given at the Lima Cycling Club track next Wednesday evening:

Event 1—one mile open for class 1; event 2—half mile open for class 2; event 3—exhibition half mile by Guy Folk, flying start, paced by tandem; event 4—one mile open for class 3; event 5—exhibition mile against time by Clyde Roberts, flying start, paced by two tandems; event 6—one mile handicap for classes 1, 2 and 3.

Track officials:

Judges—W. S. Lowe, A. A. Creps, C. B Shepler and J. M. Chase.

Timers—C. A. Black, C. C. Cowels and C. C. Perkins.

Clerk—W. H. Crimmell.

Supt C. C. Miller.

Supt. C. C. Miller will lecture to the students at Lima college tomorrow morning at 9:30 o'clock, in the college chapel. The lecture will be of special benefit to teachers. All teachers and friends of the college are invited to be present. Admission free.

JAW BROKEN.

A Circus Policeman Hit with a Tent Stake Last Night.

One of His Assailants Captured and Sentenced to a Term in the Dayton Work House.

About 1 o'clock this morning Herbert Valentine, a night watchman employed by the LaPearl circus, was assaulted by two stake drivers, one of whom hit him in the face with a tent stake and fractured his jaw bone.

The circus arrived here yesterday morning, and the canvas was hoisted on the vacant lots opposite Spellacy's grocery, on south Main street. Last night while making his rounds, Valentine caught the two stake drivers in the act of assaulting a young boy who has been traveling with the show. He interfered in the boy's behalf, whereupon the two men assaulted him, one striking him in the face with his fist and the other, grabbing a tent stake hit him on the left side of the face with such force that his lower jaw was fractured at the chin. Both assailants started to run and, one, a man named Carey, succeeded in escaping, but the other, who gave his name as Lawrence Larue, was captured by a crowd of the circus men who marched him to the police station, where he was locked up Lieut. Wingate.

The injured man was taken to the office of a physician and the fracture reduced, and this morning he appeared before Justice Mowen and signed an affidavit charging Larue with assault.

The prisoner pleaded guilty the charge and was fined $10 and costs and sentenced to ten days in the Dayton work house.

The other man, Carey, is still at large.

WEDDING BELLS.

Miss Belle Ver Bryke Married to W. H. DeLong, of Delphos.

One of the prettiest weddings of the month was that of Mr. W. H. Delong, of Delphos, and Miss L. Belle VerBryke at the country home of the bride's sister, Mrs. John Clippinger, of Allentown. About fifty guests assembled in the prettily decorated rooms and at 8 o'clock the wedding party took their positions in front of the officiating minister, Rev. R. Wallace. The attendants were Miss Belle Glaze, of Lima, and Mr. Arthur Poling, of Allentown.

The bride wore a charming gown of organdie and carried a bunch of white roses. The groom wore the regulation black with a white rose buttonaire. After the impressive ceremony a most dainty supper was admirably served. The presents were numerous and elegant, attesting the high esteem in which the young couple are held by their friends. Mr. and Mrs. DeLong will live in Delphos, where Mr. DeLong is employed on the Clover Leaf railroad.

THERE IS A TALK OF WASH DRESS GOODS

And the Story of 400 Shirt Waists at Prices Ridiculously Low.

A bit of Dress Goods news and helpful hints of Summer Millinery and Flowers, also follow in the colum below. Store closed all day *Saturday, July 4th.*

Special price reductions on 12½ and 15 cent Dimities and Lawns to 8 cents a yard.

A big variety of 75 cent and $1 00 Shirt Waists reduced to 35 cents each—the biggest Shirt Waist offering of the season.

Summer Prints, in fast colors, 3 cents a yard.

Apron Checks and Dress Ginghams 3 cents a yard.

Ten cent Scotch Dress Ginghams 5 cents a yard.

12½ cent Tephry Ginghams 6 cents a yard.

15 cent Sea Island Percales, one yard wide, 9 cents a yard.

Novelty Mohair Dress Goods and French Mixtures, 50 and 75 cent values, 35 cents a yard.

Summer shades of 25 cent qualities of Dress Cashmeres 17 cents a yard.

China Silks 15 cents a yard.

Millinery fixtures—Flowers at half of their usual selling value.

Trimmed Hats as interesting as ever—Last few days of our Big Millinery Offering of Trimmed Hats at One half Price is the story of this week's extraordinary offering at the METELLUS THOMSON DRY GOODS CO.'s Stores, 233, 235 north Main street, Lima, Ohio. d&w

Thoburn's Kings' Daughters

Will hold their regular business meeting on Tuesday evening, instead of Wednesday, at the home of Miss Idetta Lutz, No. 208 north Washington street. The meeting will open at 7:30, and all members are requested to be present. SECRETARY.

Maccabees.

The Lady Maccabees will hold a special review at their hall in the Mitchell block Tuesday evening, June 30. A full attendance is desired.

MARY SCOTT, R. K.

Fiftieth Anniversary.

Thursday being the twenty-fifth anniversary of St. Rose's church and the fiftieth anniversary of the first mass said in Lima, the event will be commemorated by a grand celebration. Solemn high mass will begin at 9 a. m. The choir will be assisted by Frey's orchestra, and a large number of the distinguished clergy and laity from out of the city will be in attendance. Admission to the church, free; everybody welcome.

All Wheelmen

Are invited to join in a tour over the twenty-mile road race course. Meet at F. E. Harmon's, 215 north Main street, Tuesday evening, 6:30 sharp.

Do You Know That Shoes Are Cheaper Than Ever Before? . . .

ARE YOU BUYING YOUR SHOES AT THE OLD OR THE NEW PRICE?

WE have been picking up snaps during the last sixty days from parties who needed some cash very badly. We bought them way down low. We are selling good goods at lower prices than many dealers had to pay for the poorest kind of shoddy a year ago. TRY THE NEW SHOE MAN AT WEBB'S OLD STAND.

I. E. AVERY.

135 NORTH MAIN ST.

THIS STORE'S

SHIRT WAIST SELLING

Will reach a climax this week. Between now and the 4th of July, we mean to sell FIVE HUNDRED SHIRT WAISTS, and the price inducements will be such as no buyer can resist.

We have a surprise for you in

FANCY RIBBONS.

A shipment of the choicest goods has arrived to-day. Choicest in quality, choicest in patterns and colorings,

At Prices That are Bound to Create Quick Sales.

PRICES THAT MUST MAKE

PARASOLS MOVE

Are attached to every Parasol in the house. Notwithstanding the already reduced figures, every price has been readjusted; cut down to the very lowest notch. No intending purchaser can afford to pass these by.

CHILDREN'S WASH DRESSES AND REEFERS } AT HALF PRICE AND LESS.

Feldmann & Co 218 N. MAIN ST. Feldmann & Co 218 N. MAIN ST.

A GREAT BUY!

The manufacturers are aware of the fact that we are the people to sell Shoes rapidly. There isn't hardly a day but that we get some tempting offer from the manufacturing centers. A few days ago we were offered one thousand pairs of Ladies' $3.00 and $3.50 Chocolate Tan Shoes, in lace and button, heel and spring heel, at 60 per cent. off their regular factory price. The Shoes are up-to-date, all sizes and widths, and they are yours now for . . . . . .

$1.98 A Pair.

THINK OF IT.

The latest style Tan Shoes at almost half price, right in the middle of the season. If you don't need them now, buy them for future use. The most comfortable, the easiest, the best wearing Shoes you can buy, and as cheap as common Shoes. Tell your friends, tell your neighbors of this great sale, and have them all buy at

GOODING'S,

230 NORTH MAIN STREET.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE® NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

MINERAL RESOURCES.

Summary of the Products of United States.

A REVIVAL OF DEPRESSION.

Report of United States Geological Officials Shows That Over Half a Billion of Wealth Has Been Extracted From Earth.

WASHINGTON, June 29.—The mineral products of the United States for the calendar year 1895 are reviewed at length in the mineral resources report of the United States geological survey. The report, which was compiled by Dr. David T. Day, chief of division, shows the total value of products as $911,795,290. This stands against a product valuation of $827,358,394 for 1895. This is an increase of $80,000,000. The quantity and value of the products are: Pig iron, 9,446,308 tons, $105,188,530; silver, 67,000,000 ounces, $60,766,300; gold, 2,273,629 ounces, $47,000,000; bituminous coal, 135,118,192 tons, $115,749,771; Pennsylvania anthracite, 51,185,122 tons, $92,019,272; petroleum, 73,320,526 barrels, $57,698,279; natural gas, $18,081,520; brick clay, $9,000,000; clay (all other than brick), $800,000.

The report in summarizing says: The general increase is a long step toward recovery from the depression to which the mineral industries have been subjected. The total value is slightly less than the greatest we have ever known, which was over $648,000,000 in 1892. In terms of quantities produced, instead of value received, 1895 is greater. In other words prices are lower.

With very little encouragement the product takes a phenomenal stride. In 1892 and 1895 the product most difficult to hold in check has been iron. This product easily controls the variations in the total value, either by the quantity produced or by the change in prices.

While the coal product is so great as to make a significant factor in the total value, it is much steadier, and in spite of the extra demand for it in order to produce any extra supply of iron.

The United States shared in the general increase in gold production, the increase being shown in nearly all the gold-producing states, but coming principally from Cripple Creek and other new camps in Colorado. The gain in the quantity of petroleum, but especially the phenomenal increase in its prices was one of the great features of the year.

WHIST CONGRESS.

Committee Appointed to Report a System of Play.

NEW YORK, June 29.—The whist congress and tournament at Manhattan Beach has closed. The "long suiters" and "short suiters" have come together and the latter have been overwhelmingly defeated.

At a secret meeting the question of system came up. The former president had recommended that the congress authorize the president to appoint a committee of seven experts to report a system of play at either the next midwinter meeting of the executive committee or at the seventh annual congress.

This meeting indorsed this recommendation by passing it in the form of a resolution, and the following committee was appointed: Milton C. Work of Philadelphia, J. H. Briggs of Minneapolis, George W. Whelan of Chicago, George L. Bon of St. Paul, Thomas A. Whelan of Baltimore, Adam A. Buffinton of Brooklyn and Lander M. Bonve of Boston.

Among other changes ordered in the bylaws was that individual whist players may be admitted as state members of the league by vote of the executive committee.

McKinley Seeks Rest.

CANTON, O., June 29.—Governor McKinley spent the day quietly. Feeling fatigued from the day's hard work he spent the day in the country at the home of Mrs. Mary G. Saxton, Mrs. McKinley's aunt, who gave a family dinner party in Mrs. McKinley's honor. Aside from the family circle there were present General and Mrs. W. M. Osborne of Boston, Mr. and Mrs. McBarber of this city, Charles G. Dawes of Evanstown, Ills., and Joseph P Smith of Urbana. During the afternoon a number of Mrs. Saxton's neighbors called to pay their respects to Major and Mrs. McKinley.

A Guess at the Winners.

LONDON, June 29.—A correspondent at Henley, discussing the coming boat race, regards the chance of the different crews for winning the grand challenge cup in the following order: Leander, New College, Oxford, Yale and Trinity Hall. This correspondent says of the Yale crew: "No two persons hold the same opinion. If only they could row as long when racing as they do when paddling they ought to trouble the best of our lot."

Blackburn's Candidacy.

CINCINNATI, June 29.—Friends of Senator Blackburn residing in Kentucky have received letters requesting them to attend a conference in the Auditorium annex at Chicago, Wednesday, July 1, at which time plans will be considered in the interest of Blackburn's candidacy. Senator Blackburn will attend the silver conference Tuesday.

Killed by a Train.

PATASKALA, O., June 29. R. I. Wolcott, a man about 65 years of age, living two and a half miles northwest of this place, was struck by Panhandle No. 46 while crossing the track and killed. The horse escaped without injury.

Killed by an Explosion.

LYONS, Ia., June 29.—At William Costello's home, near Charlotte, Lucy Hogan and Matt Costello overturned a lamp upon a quantity of blasting powder, which exploded. Both were killed.

Crushed Under the Wheels.

WARREN, O., June 29.—While descending a hill with a load of stone, James Walker of West Farmington fell forward under the wheels and was instantly killed. He was 26.

HARRIS ON SILVER.

Conference of Democrats Who Favor the White Metal.

WASHINGTON, June 29.—Senator Harris left for Chicago to be present at the Democratic silver conference which will be held in that city beginning on Tuesday next, under the auspices of the Democratic bimetallic organization. He is chairman of this organization and has been since it was instituted in this city a year ago.

Speaking of the purpose of the conference, Senator Harris said it had been called in order to afford the silver Democrats an opportunity to compare views and look the ground over preparatory to the national convention, and that it would probably continue daily until the beginning of the convention. He also said that the meeting would not be confined to members of the bimetallic organization, but that there would be representatives present from every state delegation friendly to silver.

Further than this the senator declined to commit himself as to the purpose of the meeting, but it is learned from an authoritative source that the silver Democrats regard this conference as a very important affair.

The organization under whose auspices the meeting is called has been laboring in season and out for the promotion of the silver cause within the Democratic ranks. They have had their headquarters at Senator Harris' house and from that quarter have conducted a correspondence with chosen representatives in all parts of the country, to whom have been entrusted organization of the silver forces not only in every state, but in every county in every state in the union where it was considered possible to effect the lodgment of a silver idea. The movement grew out of the meeting held at the Metropolitan hotel in this city last summer, at which the plans were prepared and an executive committee consisting of one member from each state was appointed. The work has been quietly but very thoroughly performed.

The purpose of the ante-convention meeting is to so solidify the silver organization as to render it thoroughly effective in the execution of the plans of the silver leaders in the convention, and to also prevent the encroachment of the gold forces. It had been their purpose to discuss the platform to be adopted and also to consider the availability of candidates. There has been much correspondence bearing upon these two points. The plan has been to keep candidates in the background until the conference could be held, with the view of having the conference free to choose. This has proved impracticable, and it is understood that the leaders in the movement fear that they will be unable to control in this matter, as they had at one time hoped they might do. They still hope, however, to be practically able to make the platform before the convention meets.

TRADE WITH NORWAY.

Norway's Trade Is Largely In Favor of the United States.

WASHINGTON, June 29.—The American trade with Norway is reviewed in a bulletin issued by the agricultural department. It forms the seventh of the series relating to the extension of foreign markets for American agricultural products. The bulletin says the products of Norwegian agriculture are not sufficient to meet the requirements of the population and food stuffs have to be imported in considerable quantities.

The principal agricultural imports are rye and rye flour, wheat flour, coffee, sugar, pork, bacon and hams, hides, tallow, wool, cotton, wine and linseed and rapeseed oil. The principal exports are fish, lumber and manufactures of wood. Fishery and forest products together constitutes more than two-thirds of the entire export. Norway's trade with the United States is largely in favor of this country.

Escaping Prisoner Shot.

BATAVIA, O., June 29.—George Williams, 21, of Richmond, Ind., and John Thomas, 28, of Cincinnati, who were found guilty of horsestealing, were brought before Judge Davis to have sentences pronounced on them. Each received a sentence of five years in the penitentiary. Deputy Sheriff Buvinger, in custody of Williams and William Teal, in charge of Thomas, were leaving the courthouse for the jail, a distance of 75 feet, when Williams broke away and ran. When the prisoner refused to halt Deputy Buvinger shot him, killing him almost instantly.

As Mr. Thurman Sees It.

COLUMBUS, O., June 29.—In reply to the latest formal interview of Hon. W. C. Whitney of New York, Hon. Allen W. Thurman, the free silver advocate, says that the Democrats of the south and west will insist on free silver even though it results in splitting the party and driving the eastern Democrats out, as threatened by Mr Whitney

Elaborate Preparation For Elks.

CINCINNATI, June 29.—The grand lodge and annual international reunion of the Beneficial and Protective Order of Elks meets here July 7, continuing in session all week. As former opposing factions meet in accord this year the local arrangements are more extensive than for any national political convention ever held in this city.

Killed by Paris Green.

COLUMBUS, O., June 29.—An autopsy held on the remains of Mrs. Flora Garrison, 400 Hunter street, disclosed the fact that death was due to paris green, which had been sprinkled on cabbage to kill worms.

Shot His Father.

CARROLLTON, O., June 29.—Ross Taylor, the 16-year-old son of Griff Taylor, was sentenced to two years in the Ohio penitentiary for shooting his father with intent to kill during a family drunk

Had to Be Killed.

SPRINGFIELD, O., June 29.—Clinton Kiblinger's fine double team, in running away came to an enforced stop in a pile of red hot lime kiln ashes and were burned so badly that both had to be killed.

Instructed For Acquittal.

ZANESVILLE, O., June 29.—Judge Munster instructed the jury to return a verdict of acquittal in the case of Commissioner Mercer charged with misconduct in office.

UNCLE SAM'S VICTORY.

Government Wins Against "17 Boxes of Snakes and 23 Monkeys."

The termination of a peculiar controversy which is officially known in the United States court as "The United States versus Seventeen Boxes of Snakes and Twenty-three Monkeys" occurred the other day in the shape of a victory for the government, but whether the government is really a gainer or a loser is a difficult question for even lawyers to decide.

W. H. Coughley, who represented the "Seventeen Boxes of Snakes and Twenty-three Monkeys," gave the following facts in the case:

"Several months ago a prominent leader in zoological property, whose name I will not mention for publication, but whose headquarters are in Liverpool, shipped from Europe 17 boxes of snakes and 23 monkeys.

"Of course there was a consignee here in New York. Unfortunately for him, he never became a member of the small and exclusive clique of dealers who have long controlled the snake and monkey trade in New York. The members of the clique made up their minds that they would not tolerate a new dealer, who might become a formidable competitor in the market. So, when they were called as experts to fix valuations, they named their estimates so high that the consignee of the snakes and monkeys could not afford to pay the duty assessed.

"The 'goods' were detained by the custom house authorities and placed in bond. Government officials did not know how to take care of the 'goods.' The result was that the snakes and monkeys began to sicken and die. Some of the monkeys became so desperate that they broke from their cages, and Uncle Sam's men had a lively time in recapturing them. Snakes should have a bath every day. They were not properly bathed. Well, to make a long story short, I guess about all the reptiles and animals are dead now. The consignee has sustained a financial loss, which the government, the court says, need not make good."—New York Herald.

Her Rainy Day Attire.

A brave woman appeared on "the sidewalks of New York" the last rainy day wearing a divided skirt, belted coat and waterproof leggings. The dress was of gray material and reached just below the knees. As other women struggled to keep their skirts out of the muddy drabble and the overflowing gutters, she sealged on unhampered and unheeding the remarks of critical passersby.

SIX DROWNED.

A Yachting Party Find Watery Graves at Shawano Lake.

SHAWANO, Wis., June 29.—Word has reached here of the drowning of six persons at Shawano lake during a gale at sunset. A party consisting of O. A. Risum and wife, Sherman Drackrey and wife, Louis Gokey, wife and child of Pulciver, Miss Emma Garbrecht of Shawano and Miss Margaret Crowe of St. Nazianz, Manitowoc county, started from Cecil in O. A. Risum's yacht en route for a few days' outing on the north side of the lake, when about three miles from shore the boat was capsized by a sudden squal and the party precipitated into the water. Mr. Risum and Mr. Drackrey clung to the capsized yacht for several hours, the latter holding the child in his arms, when they were rescued by parties from Cecil who were attracted by their cries for help. The bodies of the others have not been recovered.

Ate Poisonous Toadstools.

CROWN POINT, Ind., June 29.—George Stanton and family of Chicago went into the woods to pick mushrooms for their supper, and now the entire family is at death's door. They picked a large basket of ordinary toadstools and all ate a great quantity.

Will Admit Corn.

PARIS, June 29.—M. Meline, the premier, speaking at Soissons on the disturbance of the world's markets by the monetary crisis, announced that measures would shortly be taken for the temporary admission into France of corn

A Double Tragedy.

NEW LONDON, June 29.—James Romkey, 44, shot and killed his wife and then committed suicided. Unfairhfulness on the part of the wife was given as the cause.

ON THE DIAMOND.

The Great National Game as Played Yesterday—The Standing.

Clubs.	W.	L.	P.C.	Clubs.	W.	L.	P.C.
Baltimore	35	19	.648	Pittsburg	28	27	.509
Cleveland	33	21	.611	Philadelphia	29	28	.509
Cin'nati	28	22	.573	Brooklyn	27	28	.491
Boston	32	9	.711	New York	23	32	.418
Chicago	32	27	.542	St Louis	15	41	.268
Wash'ton	27	25	.519	Louisville	11	42	.216

AT ST LOUIS— R. H. E.
St. Louis 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—1 6 4
Cincinnati 0 5 0 2 0 2 0 0 3—12 15 3
Batteries—Kissinger, Lohman and Murphy; Foreman and Peitz. Umpire—Hart

AT CHICAGO— R. H. E.
Chicago 0 0 1 0 0 0 5 3 *—9 6 2
Louisville 0 0 0 0 4 0 0 0 0—4 5 6
Batteries—Friend and Dailey; Frazer and Kinslow. Umpire—Sheridan

Western League.

At Columbus—Columbus, 8; Grand Rapids, 2.

At Milwaukee—Kansas City, 7; Milwaukee 11.

At Minneapolis—Minneapolis, 13; St Paul, 10

Interstate League.

At Fort Wayne—Fort Wayne, 17; Saginaw, 11

Saturday's Games.

At St Louis—St. Louis, 2; Cincinnati, 3.
At Boston—Boston, 11; Philadelphia, 7.
At Chicago—Chicago, 4, Pittsburg, 10
At Brooklyn—Brooklyn, 8; New York, 9.
At Washington — Washington 5; Baltimore, 8.

At Columbus—Columbus, 3; Grand Rapids, 9.
At Minneapolis—Minneapolis, 4; St. Paul, 7.
At Indianapolis — Detroit, 12; Indianapolis, 11

Weather Indications.

For West Virginia and Ohio — Fair and warmer; fresh to brisk westerly winds.

For Indiana—Fair and warmer; westerly winds, becoming variable.

A TAX ON INDUSTRY.

TARIFF ON COAL A BURDEN ON THE PEOPLE.

No One Is Benefited by the Present Duty Except the Wealthy Mine Owner—Raises the Cost of Living—Keeps the Price of Fuel Above Its Natural Value.

The announcement was made the other day that contracts had been made for the sale of a large quantity of Pennsylvania soft coal to Montreal, says the Kansas City Times. This seems to be the deathblow of the argument in favor of a duty on coal. The Wilson bill in its original form had coal on the free list, but this was changed owing to the belief that the Canadians would get the best of us.

This belief, however, seems unwarranted. If we can send coal to Montreal by way of the St. Lawrence we need not fear Canadian competition on our east coast. In fact, our mines would hold the east coast with no duty at all. This was shown when, in spite of free coal by reciprocity agreement with Canada, no increase in importations took place.

As for the great part of the country between the Atlantic and Pacific coasts, "free coal" would be an undisguised blessing. No importations could possibly come in here, and we are already underselling the Canadians in the territory north of us. Even a duty does not enable the Canadian miners to drive us out of their markets. It is owing to the large exportations from the inland section that the United States sells to foreigners far more coal than she buys of them. Without the duty we should sell even more to Canadians, and the way to get Canada to remove her duty is to remove our own.

On the Pacific coast alone are considerable importations to be expected. These importations are due to the fact that the coal mined there is limited in quantity, inferior in quality and produced at too great a cost. Under these circumstances the importation of coal on the Pacific coast, always large, continues in spite of the present duty. The only effect is to raise the price to the consumer.

Raising the price of coal to the consumer is a serious matter. Everybody must have fuel, and it is not good policy or principle to raise the price of what is a necessary of life to rich and poor alike. Besides coal is necessary in every form of industry. A tax on coal is therefore a tax purely and simply on industry as well as life. It is a tax which raises the cost of living and at the same time handicaps the people in making a living.

The only gainers by a duty on coal are the millionaire mine owners of the east. Industry is handicapped and the people burdened merely for the benefit of a few men already wealthy. These men, moreover, already fix the price of coal almost at their pleasure. Their pool, though frequently broken up by the greed of a few of the members, is irresistible while it lasts and succeeds in keeping the price of coal far above its natural value. Not content with exacting an exorbitant price for their own output, the eastern miners do their utmost to drive out the miners of this section.

The reduction of the duty on coal from the McKinley rate of 75 cents to the present rate of 40 cents was one of the benefits of the Wilson act. It hurt nobody and helped everybody but the eastern trust. Now the movement should be toward putting coal on the free list, but instead the trusts are preparing to make a desperate effort to restore the McKinley rate. The result would be an increase in the cost of living and an obstacle to business of all sorts. There is just one way to defeat the plot and that is for the people to defeat McKinley.

A Guardian of the Public Interests.

Answering the criticisms by its Republican contemporaries of President Cleveland's pension vetoes the Boston Transcript (Rep.) says that "the president has in the course he has taken not only shown himself a conscientious guardian of the public interests, but also has proved himself a true friend of the soldier in exposing the indolent, if not criminal, manner in which members of congress secure pensions for persons either utterly unworthy or who have no legitimate demands upon the government."

Tricky Matt Quay.

Senator Quay has given an interesting exhibition of politics among Republican leaders and of bossism as it exists in Pennsylvania. Not only has he veered about with the wind regardless of principles or obligations, but he has switched his state around with him. There is no reason to doubt if "Old Nick" captured a majority of the Republican delegates—not an improbable contingency, by the way—Senator Quay could make a deal with him for the Pennsylvania delegation.—St. Louis Republic.

But There Has Been Recent Occasion.

Commenting on the fact, as shown by Senator Vest, that the veto power was exercised only seven times by the first four presidents, the Indianapolis News (Ind.) asks: "Does any one suppose that these great men would have stood idly by and allowed congress to enact vicious and corrupt legislation, even though there were no constitutional questions involved? The thing is inconceivable. The veto power was little used because there were few occasions for using it."

Deserving All Praise.

For vetoing the river and harbor appropriation bill the president deserves the thanks of the country, not only for the act itself, but for the manner of doing it. This bill is always the favorite picklock by which selfish and unscrupulous legislators get at the public funds for the benefit of themselves through their constituents.—New York Herald.

IF McKINLEY IS ELECTED.

The Tariff Will Be Revised and Fat Pastures Opened to the Barons.

The intimation from Republican leaders in Washington that in the event of McKinley's election congress will be immediately called together for the complete revision of the tariff may be taken as a safe prophecy.

This course is the only one that can be followed by McKinley should he be elected to the presidency. Any other course would be inconsistent with his whole career in politics and with all the principles he has professed. If he failed to follow this course, he would be false to himself and false to the men who have always supported him and are now backing his candidacy.

It is reasonable to say that if it were understood that McKinley would not do the thing the Republican leaders say he will do the plethoric purses which have been opened to his managers for campaign expenses would have been closed as tight as wax. The tariff barons are putting up their money on a pledge, expressed or implied, that at the earliest possible opportunity McKinley will do his part to reopen to them the fat pastures out of which they were driven by the Democrats. No matter what the people may think or the party organs may say, there is a clear understanding between McKinley and his political and financial backers.

But the Republican leaders in Washington have done the country an excellent service by bringing out so clearly and emphatically the McKinley programme. It is a public warning to the people of what the election of McKinley will mean. It assures the country that, in the event of McKinley's success, another disturbing period of tariff agitation and legislation and another reign of McKinleyism, with its accompanying loot and loss, will be forced upon the business interests.—St. Louis Republic.

Representing the People.

"Mr. McKinley," says the Philadelphia Press, "is the people's candidate. He will come to the presidency as more distinctively the representative of the whole party and all the people than any president since Grant," etc. In what possible sense could Grant or McKinley or any Republican candidate for president or president-elect be said to represent "all the people?" The more faithfully they represent "the whole party" the farther they are from representing the whole people. No Republican president heretofore has represented much more than the bitter sectional animosities of the people who voted for him. Probably Mr. McKinley represents a milder degree of this sentiment than any of his predecessors from Lincoln down. But he no more "represents" half of the people of this country than he represents the people of France or Germany.

For Revenue Only.

The meeting of the tariff commission convention at Detroit on June 3 was a failure because of the slim attendance of delegates. The main object of the convention was the organization of a movement to take the tariff question out of politics. But as it was also proposed to maintain the protective principle as a basis of future tariff there were manifest incongruity and warfare between means and ends that foreboded failure. As long as political parties shall consent to be used as active agencies for the building up of favored industries at the expense of unprotected industries so long the tariff will be a political question. The only remedy is fair play for all and the use of the taxing power only for its legitimate object—the production of revenue.—Philadelphia Record.

John Is Twisty.

Monday—Senator Sherman declared that in order to raise revenue sufficient for proper expenditure he was willing to tax the shirts off the backs of the people.

Tuesday—Senator Sherman voted to lay on the table a motion to put a temporary tax on beer in order to prevent a further deficit.

Wednesday—Senator Sherman voted to override the veto of the river and harbor bill, adding over $60,000,000 to federal expenditures.

Plenty of Work Ahead.

To a friend who spoke of him as a running mate for Major McKinley, Speaker Reed replied: "A running mate, I believe, generally is expected to do the hard work and the heavy pulling." Mr. Reed plainly sees some heavy pulling ahead for his party—as there assuredly will be if the Democracy shall make the most of their opportunity and do their duty.—Philadelphia Record.

A Well Deserved Rebuke.

"President Cleveland's veto of the river and harbor bill is sound," in the opinion of the Rochester Post (Rep.). It hopes that "congress at its next session will deal with the river and harbor question with due regard to the condition of the treasury and the wishes of the people. The severe rebuke now administered was thoroughly well deserved."

The Steel Trust Is Gloomy.

The Iron and Steel trust is very indignant over the report that they can ship pig iron to England. They admit that 500 tons were shipped recently, but they are very gloomy over the prospects for continuing the shipments. There was never a time when a trust could not take a gloomy view of the situation in order to get more power to put up prices outrageously.—Exchange.

Facts Overlooked.

The Republicans who are talking of "Democratic free trade" overlook the fact that the Wilson tariff was practically as high as any tariff we ever had except the ruinous McKinley act. The trouble with the Wilson act is only that it is too high, but in time that can be remedied.—Exchange.

Scrofula

Infests the blood of humanity. It appears in varied forms, but is forced to yield to Hood's Sarsaparilla, which purifies and vitalizes the blood and cures all such diseases. Read this:

"In September, 1894, I made a misstep and injured my ankle. Very soon afterwards,

A Sore

two inches across formed and in walking to favor it I sprained my ankle. The sore became worse; I could not put my boot on and I thought I should have to give up at every step. I could not get any relief and had to stop work. I read of a cure of a similar case by Hood's Sarsaparilla and concluded to try it. Before I had taken all of two bottles the sore had healed and the swelling had gone down. My

Foot

is now well and I have been greatly benefited otherwise. I have increased in weight and am in better health. I cannot say enough in praise of Hood's Sarsaparilla." MRS. H. BLAKE, So. Berwick, Me.

This and other similar cures prove that

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills the best family cathartic and liver stimulant. 25c.

DON'T STOP TOBACCO.

HOW TO CURE YOURSELF WHILE USING IT.

The tobacco habit grows on a man until his nervous system is seriously affected, impairing health, comfort and happiness. To quit suddenly is too severe a shock to the system, as tobacco to an inveterate user becomes a stimulant that his system continually craves. "Baco-Cure" is a scientific cure for the tobacco habit, in all its forms, carefully compounded after the formula of an eminent Berlin physician, who has used it in his private practice since 1872, without a failure. It is purely vegetable, and guaranteed perfectly harmless. You can use all the tobacco you want while taking "Baco-Cure." It will notify you when to stop. We give a written guarantee to cure permanently any case with three boxes, or refund the money with 10 per cent. interest. "Baco-Cure" is not a substitute, but a scientific cure, that cures without the aid of will power and with no inconvenience. It leaves the system as pure and free from nicotine as the day you took your first chew or smoke.

Cured by Baco-Cure and Gained Thirty Pounds.

From hundreds of testimonials, the originals of which are on file and open to inspection, the following is presented.

Clayton, Nevada Co., Ark., Jan. 28, 1895.

Eureka Chemical and Mfg. Co., La Crosse Wis.—Gentlemen: For forty years I used tobacco in all its forms. For twenty-five years of that time I was a great sufferer from general debility and heart disease. For fifteen years I tried to quit, but couldn't. I took various remedies, among others "No-To-Bac," "The Indian Tobacco Antidote," "Double Chloride of Gold," etc., etc., but none of them did me the least bit of good. Finally, however, I purchased a box of your "Baco-Cure" and it has entirely cured me of the habit in all its forms, and I have increased thirty pounds in weight, and am relieved from all the numerous aches and pains of body and mind. I could write a quire of paper on my changed feelings and condition. Yours respectfully,

P. H. MABERRY
Pastor C. P. Church, Clayton, Ark.

Sold by all druggists at $1.00 per box; three boxes, (thirty days' treatment), $2.50 with iron clad, written guarantee, or sent direct upon receipt of price. Write for booklet and proofs. Eureka Chemical and Mfg. Co., La Crosse, Wis., and Boston, Mass. 4-1-3m

Legal Notice.

Daniel S. Brown and Cornelia Brown, his wife, residing at Dale, Oklahoma Territory, and the unknown heirs of Rosanna Hazleton deceased will take notice that on the 26th day of June, 1896, Hallie R. Hoover filed her petition in the Common Pleas Court of Allen county, Ohio in case No. 8804 against the above named parties praying to have her title quited to that part of outlot seventeen (17) in the city of Lima, Allen county, Ohio, which is bounded and described as follows: Commencing at the southeast corner of said outlot; thence running north forty-seven (47) feet; thence west to the east line of the alley, thence south to the southwest corner of said outlot; thence east to the place of beginning, as against any claim of any of the defendants

Said parties are required to answer on or before August 27th, 1896, or judgment may be taken against them.

HALLIE R. HOOVER,
By Prophet & Eastman, her attorneys. 6-25-6w

Dissolution Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the firm of Baxter & Co., composed of F. E. Baxter and A. C. Reichelderfer, doing business as plumbers, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. A. C. Reichelderfer, who will continue the business, assumes all debts of the company and will collect all accounts due the company.

F. E. BAXTER,
A. C. REICHELDERFER
Lima, Ohio, June 6th, 1896 6-10 3w

Campaign Advice.

Let us now be up and doing—
With a heart for every fate;
When the candidate's pursuing
Lock the door and bolt the gate!
—*Atlanta Constitution.*

"Last summer while attending court at Uniontown," says D. B. Patton, a prominent druggist of Fayette City, Pa., "three witnesses were suffering from diarrhœa. I gave each a dose of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy, and it gave immediate Relief. On the way home one of my neighbors was taken with a severe cramp in the stomach and was suffering with intense pains. I gave him a dose of this remedy and within five minutes the pain had ceased. The remedy is a favorite here. I know of many who are never without it. I always take it with me when going away from home." For sale by Melville, the druggist, old postoffice corner, and C. W. Heister, 58 Public Square.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

ERS NOW.

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Sometimes 'tis joy.
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Pills are sold for 50 cents
e by all dealers; sent by
of price. Foster-Milburn
., sole agents for the U. S.

. TO LOAN.

money to loan at a very lo
Why pa 8 and 9 per cent
it so cheap. Call on me be

T. K. WILKINS,
Opera Block, Second Floo
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JGH,
CE DEALER.

orders to tele-
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TIME CARD

Departure of trains from ots at Lima, Corrected

W. & C. R. R.

Daily	7 45	a m
"	8 30	a m
" ex. Sunday	3 15	p m
"	9 36	p m
" Limited	10 50	p m
" ex. Sunday,	9 20	a m
"	2 50	p m
"	3 44	p m
"	2 00	a m
" Limited	3 35	a m

H & R. R.

h, daily	1 45	a m
daily	6 20	a m
daily ex. Sunday	8 25	a m
"	12 45	p m
" ex. Sunday	5 05	p m
"	6 35	p m
ex Sun. arrive	9 30	p m
Sunday only	7 45	a m
" arrive	10 30	p m
daily	3 05	a m
" ex. Sunday	6 45	a m
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"	4 10	p m
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arrive daily	10 15	p m
Sunday only	7 25	a m

. & W. R. R.

daily ex. Sunday	7 20	a m
" " "	1 40	p m
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Sunday only	7 00	a m
Return	9 30	p m
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"	2 45	a m

& E. R. R.

daily ex. Sunday	7 30	a m
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SOUTHERN.

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Cough Remedy the Most Popular.

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A GIRL KILLED.

Heavy Damage Done by a Storm In Kentucky.

OWENSBORO, KY., June 29.—West Louisville, a village 12 miles west of this city, was visited by a cyclone, damaging property considerably, killing one person, Miss Pearl Hicks, 16, daughter of Charles Hicks, and badly injuring Mr. C. L. Clark. Clark's house was completely wrecked.

Miss Hicks was a visitor at the house when the cyclone came up. Two daughters of Mr. Clark and a little boy were also in the house, but escaped unhurt. St. Alphonsins' Catholic church at St. Joseph was destroyed. The residence of A. T. Williams was damaged and outbuildings destroyed. Ned Thomas' house was greatly damaged. Dr. J. N. Alvey's stable was blown away.

Dr. Osborne's residence was damaged. Two horses of J. F. Harrell were killed and his residence destroyed. G. W. Morgan's residence, two miles from West Louisville, was destroyed. Other damage, the particulars of which have not yet been secured, was done.

This is the second time a cyclone has visited that section. The first occurred March 28, 1890, when the whole town was blown away.

RACE ON THE LAKE.

The City of Buffalo Lowers All Previous Records.

CLEVELAND, June 29.—A struggle for supremacy took place in a race between the two most modern and magnificent steamships on the great lakes. The course was laid between this city and Buffalo. The steamer Northwest, brought out last season by the Northwest Steamship company, and the City of Buffalo, launched this spring and owned by the Cleveland and Buffalo Navigation company, were the two vessels pitted against each other.

The Northwest left Buffalo bound for Cleveland with the City of Buffalo for the same port 10 minutes behind her. The City of Buffalo arrived here one half hour before the Northwest, lowering all previous records between the two cities. Her time was about eight hours.

High-Priced Ham.

SOMERSET, O., June 29.—Mr. J. W. Goodwin, a storekeeper here, while excavating on Main street several days ago to lay the foundation for a dwelling, unearthed a petrified ham. The spot was occupied 70 years ago by a cabin. Mr. Goodwin has refused $500 for the curiosity.

Ex-Bank President Sentenced.

BEATRICE, Neb., June 29.—J. C. Williams, ex-president of the defunct Bank of Blue Springs, was sentenced to the penitentiary for three years. He was convicted of accepting deposits after his institution had become insolvent. Williams was at one time very wealthy.

Sensational Elopement.

SPRINGFIELD, O., June 29.—Miss Etna Tippie, a wealthy society lady of Brighton, eloped with William Gaither, a farm hand. Farmer Tippie tried to stop the match, which caused them to elope to Kentucky. The young lady was a teacher and highly respected.

Saved His Neck.

PARIS, KY., June 29.—After being out 72 hours the jury in the case of W. H. Steers, who killed Jack Alexander, the grandnephew of Hon. Jefferson Davis, returned a verdict of 20 years in the penitentiary. Steers says he is well pleased with the verdict.

Father and Son Killed.

WINSTON, N. C., June 29.—Wade Holmes and his son, C. K. Holmes, were killed by lightning near Lexington. The father and son were on a lumber wagon, and one of their horses was killed.

Fatally Injured.

WEST UNION, O., June 29.—While driving a wagon down a steep hill George Kepp, a farmer, lost his balance and fell off, one of the wheels passing over his body, fatally injuring him internally.

Fatally Burned.

CEDARVILLE, O., June 29.—Mrs. Malinda Williams was probably fatally burned while trying to light a fire with kerosene.

Steamer Aground.

NEW YORK, June 29.—The steamer Umbria, outward bound, is aground in Gedney channel.

MARKET REPORTS.

Grain and Stock Quotations For June 27.

New York.

Beef—Family, $8 50@9 00; extra mess, $6 00@7 00; packed, $7 50@9 00. Cut meats—Pickled bellies, 4½c; pickled shoulders, 4½@4¾c; pickled hams, 9@9½c. Lard—Western steam, $4 30. Pork—Old mess, $17 75@18 25, family, $9 75@10 25; short clear, $9 00@10 50. Butter—Western dairy, 8@11½c; do creamery, 11½@15c; do factory, 7@10c; Elgins, 15½c; imitation creamery, 9½@12c. Cheese—State large, 5¾@7c; small, 5¾@7½c; part skims, 2@4½c; full skims, 1½@2c. Eggs—State and Pennsylvania, 12@12½c; western fresh, 10½@11½c.

Wheat—64½c. Corn—33⅜c. Rye—38@39c. Oats—22c.

Chicago.

Cattle—Fair to best beeves, $3 50@4 40; stockers and feeders, $2 70@3 75; mixed cows and bulls, $1 40@4 10; Texans, $2 65@4 00; western, $2 15@3 75.

Hogs—Light, $3 25@3 50; rough packing and shipping, $2 60@2 95; mixed and butchers', $3 00@3 40; heavy packing and shipping, $2 80@3 35; pigs, $2 35@3 45.

Sheep—Natives, $3 25@3 70; western, $3 70@4 00; Texans, $1 60@2 70. Lambs—$4 00@4 45.

Wheat—54½c. Corn—23⅞c. Oats—15⅞c. Rye—30c.

Pittsburg.

Cattle—Prime, $4 80@4 85; fair to good butchers', $4 10@4 20; bulls, cows and stags, $2 00@3 25.

Hogs—Heavy, $3 20@3 30; medium, $3 60@3 65; pigs, $3 70@3 75.

Sheep and Lambs—Choice sheep, $3 60@3 70; common, $1 50@2 75; choice lambs, $4 50@4 75; exports, $3 60@3 80.

Buffalo.

Cattle—None on sale.

Hogs—Yorkers, $3 65@3 67½; roughs, common to good, $3 35@3 55; mediums and heavies, $3 40@3 60; pigs, $3 65@3 67½.

Sheep and lambs—Extras, $2 00@2 45; good prime, $2 10@4 30; common, $1 50@2 25; choice lambs, $5 00@5 05. Veal calves, $5 65@6 40.

Cincinnati.

Wheat—No. 2 red, 61½@62c. Corn—No. 2 mixed, 28@28½c. Oats—No. 2 mixed, 17@17½c. Rye—No. 2, 84@87c.

Lard—$3 75. Bulk meats—$2 75. Bacon—$4 75.

Hogs—$2 75@3 50. Cattle—$3 10@4 85. Sheep—$3 40@3 75. Lambs—$3 00@5 10.

Toledo.

Wheat—61c. Corn—No. 3 mixed, 27½c. Oats—No. 2 white, 17c. Rye—32c. Clover seed—$4 50.

A COZY PAGODA.

An Old Friend Making Itself

KNOWN IN CHICAGO.

In one of the great retail grocery stores in Chicago, a special pagoda or booth stands about the middle of the great room which covers some acres in extent.

This picturesque little affair is built with a counter and upper deck, the whole structure being decorated with a soft white material gracefully draped and trimmed with navy blue cloth.

An array of delicate imported cups and saucers covers the front counter and the dainty after dinner coffee spoons and a good natured, steaming coffee pot seem to indicate free coffee for the asking, but the familar round red disk containing the words, "It makes red blood" announces to all newspaper readers that Postem, the grain beverage which looks so much like coffee, is being served by an attractive young lady. The exhibitions of Postum continue by the year in the large stores in Chicago and the celebrated food-drink is used by many of Chicago's best families in the place of coffee.

Postum has established a position for itself by pure merit, and is known as a distinct beverage, with its own pungent flavor and nourishing properties. Tea is a beverage, Chocolate is a beverage, Coffee is a beverage and Postum is a beverage, all being dissimilar and all having their own peculiar merits. The last named is made of pure grains and is easy to digest and has a marked tendency to fatten when used by thin people, after discarding coffee.

Wily grocers sometimes work in cheap imitations of Postum Cereal coffee if the customer will stand it.

QUEER SIGHT

Presented by a Cherry Tree That Was Nipped by Frost.

A dispatch from Spencerville says that a freak of nature has developed on the residence property of William H. Orcutt, Sr. In the early spring a frost nipped the blossoms from a cherry tree standing close to the barn, but the side of the tree next to the barn was protected and the blossoms developed into cherries. Finally part of the unprotected side of the tree began to blossom a second time, and now the tree presents an interesting sight, one side being loaded with luscious red cherries, another limb having half grown green fruit and the outside limbs are white with blossoms. The tree is of the Tennessee dwarf variety.

My Baby.

CANTON, O., 2 26, '96—Hand Medicine Co.—"My baby had been having wind colic since her birth and she was two months old when I procured a bottle of Dr. Hand's Colic Cure. In less than two weeks' time she was cured of having colic and has never had it since. We had tried several other medicines but they did no good. I can cheerfully recommend your colic cure to be the best. Mrs. F. H. Rock." Sold by all druggists, 25c.

The Real Problems of Public Education.

The *Atlantic Monthly* is making a very straightforward effort to find out just how effective the public school system throughout the country is. It is inquiring into the forces that are actually at work shaping our educational system.

In the July number of the *Atlantic* are published six letters from successful teachers and superintendents in the West and South, wherein the writers frankly tell their own experiences. They are not persons who have grievances. They have few complaints to make. But the straightforward explanation of the conditions under which they work throws a new and startling light on the whole system of our overcrowded and oversystematized schools. In fact there is no other point of view so instructive as this. These confessions emphasize several large facts and tendencies, among them these:—

All of the writers confess that their own training was inadequate, and they complain that the teachers who now enter the profession have been inadequately trained.

Nearly every one of them tells of grave hindrance to educational progress caused by the system of the political management of schools Till teachers and superintendents are chosen without any reference to politics, no great progress towards better work can be made.

Every one reveals the fact, that the patrons of the schools and the public in general take too little interest in the schools.

Insist on having just what you call for when you go to buy Hood's Sarsaparilla, the One True Blood Purifier and nerve tonic.

Mr. G. A. Stilson, a merchant of Tampico, Ill., writes, August 10th, 1891:

Clinic Kidney Cure is meeting with wonderful success. It has cured some cases here that physicians pronounced incurable. I, myself, am able to testify to its merits. My face to-day is the living picture of health, and Clinic Kidney Cure has made it such. I had suffered twenty-seven years with the disease, and to-day I feel ten years younger than I did one year ago. I can obtain some wonderful certificates of its medical qualities. H. F. Vortkamp

MEXICAN ELECTIONS.

Triumphant Victory of General Diaz For President.

MINISTER ROMERO QUITS.

A Letter In the Official Organ Causes the Minister at Washington to Tender His Resignation. Not Accepted.

CITY OF MEXICO, June 29.—The preliminary federal election occurred all over the republic and 16,000 electors were chosen in various electoral districts. The electorals will meet in the various districts Sunday and vote for president, magistrates and members of the congress. There is no doubt of the triumphant election of General Diaz, whose candidacy has been welcomed in all parts of the republic.

The polling booths were opened all over the City of Mexico and the election officers were busy. The lower classes abstained from voting.

A letter is published from Hon. Matias Romero, Mexican minister at Washington, resigning his post on account of an article published in an official journal during the pendency of the Guatemalan question, and which Minister Romero felt to be severe in its judgment of his views regarding the proper settlement of that question.

Minister Romero reviews his patriotic labors in behalf of the country, often at great personal cost and inconvenience.

Minister of Foreign Relations Mariscal, in replying to Minister Romero, assures him of the entire confidence of the government and says that the article in the official journal was made necessary by an editorial in an opposition paper. In conclusion Minister Mariscal urges Minister Romero to put aside the fears which his delicacy have inspired and continue serving the republic.

Minister Romero was interviewed to see if he had reconsidered his resignation in view of the flattering terms of the letter; but he said he could say nothing.

SHOT HIS FATHER-IN-LAW.

Tragic Ending of an Objectionable Marriage In Jackson County.

WELLSTON, O., June 29.—James Robinson was shot in the abdomen by Robert Harrison and died immediately. Robinson was Harrison's father-in-law. The two lived in one house, Robinson occupying the lower floor, and Harrison the upper. Robinson left the house in an ugly mood, saying he intended to kill Harrison. Returning at night he undertook to go upstairs to see Harrison, who was in bed. His wife succeeded in stopping him twice, but finally he went up brandishing a knife.

Harrison was awakened by the noise, and reaching under his pillow got a revolver and shot Robinson just in time to save himself. The beginning of the trouble of last night dates back six years, when Harrison married Robinson's daughter Belle against the most strenuous objections of the girl's parents.

A VACANCY.

Death of One of the Nominees on the Democratic Ticket.

CINCINNATI, June 29.—Patrick McKeown, who was nominated at the Democratic state convention last Wednesday for state dairy and food commissioner, died at his home here of cholera morbus. The state central committee is authorized to fill the vacancy under the law.

Taylor's Newspaper Syndicate Fails.

YOUNGSTOWN, O., June 29.—The syndicate which was formed two years ago to establish newspapers from New York to San Francisco has failed, and the manager, Hal K. Taylor, a lawyer of this city, is now with friends in Michigan. The syndicate purchased The Telegram in this city. Later it established the Kansas City World and then secured the Boston Traveler.

To Conciliate Greece.

CONSTANTINOPLE, June 29.—George Berovitch, prince of Samos, has been appointed governor of Crete in succession to the Mussulman governor, Pasha. The island of Samos is autonomous, although it pays a tribute to the Turkish government, and Prince Georgi Berovitch is a Christian. The appointment of the Prince of Samos seems designed to conciliate Greece.

Gallagher Found Guilty.

MUNCIE, Ind., June 29.—During the strike last winter Frank Gallagher was assaulted by two nonunion strikers and in self-defense killed them. The jury rendered a verdict of guilty of murder against Gallagher. Citizens have started a collection to help Gallagher in the higher courts.

Failure of a Shoe House.

BROCKTON, Mass., June 29.—The failure of R. B. Littlefield & Company, shoe manufacturers, is announced. The liabilities are estimated at about $80,000; assets unknown. The failure resulted from the fluctuation of the leather market.

The Deadly Gasoline.

NEW YORK, June 29.—A gasoline explosion at Plainfield, N. J., caused the death of Miss Alice Moreum, 15. Mrs. Gertrude Peterson was probably fatally burned by the same explosion.

Story of a Buried Toad.

SALINEVILLE, O., June 29.—Alex Cameron, an eccentric bacelor, buried a live toad in a sealed jar 20 years ago, and recently unearthed it. The toad revived in half an hour.

Ohio Masonic Home Open.

SPRINGFIELD, O., June 29.—Circulars have been sent out notifying Masonic bodies in Ohio that the state home here is ready for inmates.

Nevin Nominated.

HAMILTON, O., June 29.—The Republican convention of the Third Ohio district has nominated Robert M. Nevin of Dayton for congress.

LIMA, THURSDAY, JULY 9th.

Col. Cody will appear Afternoon and Evening.

BUFFALO BILL'S WILD WEST

AND CONGRESS OF ROUGH RIDERS OF THE WORLD

An exact duplicate, man for man and horse for horse, of the exhibitions given at the Columbian World's Fair at Chicago in 1893, all summer in New York in 1894, and in 160 of the principal Cities of the East in 1895.

ORGANIZED ON THE MOST LAVISH SCALE,

—AITH—

MORE MEN, MORE HORSES, MORE CARS,

Than any two exhibitions, and perfected in all the details that the combined managerial experience and wealth commanded by the trio of Triumphant Careered Caterers to public instruction and entertainment,

NATE SALSBURY, JAS. A. BAILEY and COL. WM. F. CODY

Assuring to the public the production of

America's National Entertainment!

In a colossal manner, equaling if not surpassing the magnificence of massive magnitude at

New York, London, Paris, Rome, Vienna, Berlin, Brussels

AND AT

Columbian World's Fair,

CHICAGO,

Where the multitudinous millions meted equal honors to the White and Tented Cities. New, Enlarged and Augmented

The Original Wild West!

Absorbs Primitive and Civilized Horsemanship

Read the Array

That Nations Furnish and Races are Exhausted to Complete.

All kinds, all colors, all tongues, all men fraternally mingling in the picturesque racial camp. All born

Hereditary Princes of the Saddle.

100 Indian Warriors.

Ogallalla, Brule, Uncapappa, Sioux, Cheyenne and Arapahoe Tribes.

50 American Cowboys,
30 Mexican Vaqueros and Ruralies,
30 South American Ganchos,
50 Western Frontiersmen, Marksmen, etc.
25 Bedouin Arabs,
20 Russian Cossacks of the Caucasus.
Detachment of U. S. Cavalry,
Royal Irish-English Lancers,
French Chasseurs,
German Cuirassiers,

ALL UNDER THE COMMAND OF

COL. W. F. CODY—BUFFALO BILL.

The Last of the Buffalo!

Only Herd on Exhibition.

This enormous outfit is transported in

Special Railroad Trains.

Using its own specially constructed rolling stock, the largest of Traveling Commissary, Dormitory and Equerry Accommodations, complete in every particular, and equaling the requirements of the modern methods of moving

A Fully Equipped Army In the Time of War.

Carrying all the paraphernalia necessary to

A Covered Grand Stand Seating 20,000 Persons.

Assuring perfect Protection From Sun or Rain.

So organized and arranged as to camp close to the city, in an easily accessible location On the first day of arrival there will be given

A Free Street Cavalcade

At 10 a. m., by detailed detachments from each division (Wild Horses, Buffalo, Cattle, etc., being necessarily guarded in camp) "So that he who runs may read." The march will be enlivened by

3 MAGNIFICENT BANDS OF MUSIC,

Led by the Famed, World Traveled:

Buffalo - Bill's - Cowboy - Band!

At night a Brilliant Electric Display by the Largest Portable Double Electric Plant of 250,000 candle power yet constructed for any similar purpose. Two circuits ensuring a perfectly reliable illumination, making night as light as day.

Two Exhibitions Daily, Rain or Shine.

Afternoon at 2 o'clock. Night at 8 o'clock. Doors open one hour earlier. Night as light as day and as complete in detail.

GENERAL ADMISSION 50c. CHILDREN UNDER 9 YEARS 25c.

Numbered coupon, actually reserved, seats will be sold on the day of exhibition at C. W. Heister's Drug Store, N. E. corner public square.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

We Want To
Sell This Year

$50.000.

1-2 THE YEAR IS GONE!

We find we'll have to hustle to do it. Keep your eye on

THE WAUGH SHOE STORE

THE BALANCE OF 1896,

And be sure you get you share of the plums.

31 Public Square. Oil Paintings Free.

The Lima Times-Democrat

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN LIMA.

Postage Prepaid Anywhere in United States.

OFFICE—TIMES BUILDING,

No. 221 North Main Street, Lima, O.

TELEPHONE CALL, No. 84.

THE LIMA TIMES-DEMOCRAT is published every evening (except Sunday) and will be delivered at your supper table each evening upon the following terms

One copy one year, in advance..	$5 00
Six months, in advance ...	2.50
By carrier, per week	.10 cents

Subscription collections made weekly Our collector will call each week unless some special arrangement be made with him. All subscription accounts must be paid promptly.

All foreign subscription must be paid in advance.

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT PUB'G CO

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT has the largest circulation of any daily newspaper in north-Western Ohio, outside the larger cities It reaches into every portion of Lima and goes into every postoffice in Allen county THE LIMA TIMES-DEMOCRAT is recognized as the people's paper, and as such is the most popular newspaper in the city It is read by every one in Lima, and its rapidly increasing list attests its superiority over all competitors.

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT—The Semi-Weekly edition issued by the TIMES-DEMOCRAT COMPANY, is without parallel in point of excellence. It contains 32 columns of choice literary, editorial, news and advertising matter of great interest to everyone in the county. This excellent newspaper is published for the small sum of

ONE DOLLAR PER YEAR IN ADVANCE ?

Subscriptions not paid in advance will be charged for at the rate of $1 50 per year

Address all communications to

TIMES-DEMOCRAT PUB. CO
LIMA OHIO

OFFICIAL CALL

For the Democratic National Convention

The Democratic national committee having met in Washington, January 16th, has appointed

TUESDAY, JULY 7th, AT 12 O'CLOCK NOON, and chosen the city of Chicago as the place for holding the Democratic national convention Each State is entitled to a representation therein equal to double the number of its Senators and Representatives in Congress, and each territory and the District of Columbia shall have two delegates

All Democratic conservative citizens of the United States, irrespective of past political associations and differences, who can unite with us in the efforts for pure, economical and constitutional government are cordially invited to join in sending delegates to this convention

B. F. SHERMAN, Secretary. W. F. HARRITY, Chairman.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

Secretary of State,
CHILTON A. WHITE,
of Brown county.

Judge of Supreme Court,
E. J. BLANDIN,
of Cleveland.

Dairy and Food Commissioner,
PATRICK McKEOWN,
of Cincinnati

Member Board of Public Works,
WILLIAM BEAUMONT,
of Licking.

For Presidential Electors at Large,
M. FECHHEIMER,
of Hamilton county.
T E POWELL,
of Franklin county.

For Member of Congress, 5th District,
GEORGE B MARSHAL,
Shelby county.

COUNTY DEMOCRATIC TICKET

For Probate Judge.
THEODORE D. ROBB

For Clerk of the Court,
M. SHAPPELL.

For County Auditor,
PHILIP WALTHER

For County Recorder,
ABRAM HAREOD.

For Prosecuting Attorney,
J. C. RIDENOUR.

For Infirmary Director,
ELI MECHLING

For Commissioner,
T. C. BURNS.

McKinley's only hope is the tariff, and that is a fleeting one.

This city should be ashamed of itself for not making some effort for the proper celebration of July Fourth.

Mark Hanna needs protection. Only a few days ago his summer home was broken into and four hundred dollars worth of valuables stolen.

Care should be taken that McKinley is not killed with kindness before the campaign begins in earnest He will have need for all his energy in October

The failure of so many bicycle manufacturers just at this time when McKinley is beginning a campaign for the protection of the manufacturers is signficant.

Why was silver demonetized in 1873, when it was at a premium? When one dollar in silver was worth over one dollar in gold? Was it not solely at the dictation of the moneyed powers? Was it not upon the suggestion of the Rothchilds through their American emissaries in Wall street?

The decadence of Findlay is proving to be far reaching in its effect During its boom times it gave a grand prize military drill, in which the crack military organization of Marion, Ind, won over seven hundred dollars in prizes From that day to this the winner has been striving to get the money, and without success Satisfied at this late day that it could not succeed, the company has disbanded

This is the year for the farmer He has waited long but his day has come at last. He was seen his products fall to ruinously low prices, he has seen his land yearly decrease in value, notwithstanding improvements and productiveness, and he has vainly sought for the cause. Let him study the currency question. Let him post himself on the issue of the hour. There he will find the cause of all his trouble His day is near at hand. Now he can strike a blow for the restoration of his holdings. The Democratic party is championing his cause now, as it did against the tariff The money of the people, of the farmer and the laborer especially, is on trial.

Some of the Republican organs have been calling attention to the alleged fact that there has been no demonstration of approval as to the act of Senator Teller in withdrawing from the late Republican convention. As touching this point, the Rocky Mountain (Denver) *News* of last Friday, says

All classes of people in the city are uniting in a movement to give Senator Teller a reception on his return, such as no man ever before received in Colorado. The movement is a spontaneous one, and comes from all sections of the State Telegrams poured in on the railway managers yesterday, asking for special rates in order that the people might come to Denver and join in doing honor to the great and courageous senator. It will be a Colorado event in which all the State will join Those who are arranging the details of the affair will aim to make it the grandest demonstration ever given in honor of a citizen and a senator, and *The News* need hardly to urge that every facility be placed in their hands for so doing Very seldom, indeed, is a man entitled to such an ovation, but in this instance too much honor cannot be given to Henry M. Teller

With Mark Hanna as Chairman of the Republican National Executive Committee, the Democrats can confidently expect many trump leads The Senator is also clever at holding the winning hand unless closely watched With him there is also no limit.

The Pittsburg *Chronicle-Telegraph* contains good news for the gentlemen who intend taking an active part in the coming campaign. It says "Campaign orators will be interested in the surgical operation performed in Allegheny, yesterday, whereby a worn out jaw bone was removed and an artificial one of aluminum substituted"

The New York bankers will send a large delegation to Chicago to work for a gold plank in the Democratic platform. The Republicans adopted a plank that was satisfactory to Wall street. Why then are they so anxious to have the Democrats adopt the same plank? Are they fearful that if the Democrats adopt a silver plank McKinley will be beaten? That seems to be the cause of their anxiety.

The New York *Times* has abandoned argument in its fight against free silver, and is now seeking to sustain the gold standard by statistics, with which it attempts to prove that a large percentage of the voters in the states which have declared for free silver are illiterate. It succeeds to a small degree until it comes to Ohio, Indiana and Illinois. These three great states completely upset its whole argument, and show that the ignorance the *Times* says goes with the free silver wave is nothing more than western intelligence, and an offset against eastern gold fanaticism.

The Most Proper Man Living.

He has been found and he dwells in Kansas. So irrefragable, so absolutely bombproof is his true virtue that this Kansas man ought to be set up in the stars among the constellations along with the heroes and freaks of the ages.

For he resisted the fascinations and cunning advances of even a pretty widow, and he a man too She lived next door to him with her daughter, an impertinent chit of 18 The man was a tailor Evidently there is something in the tailor trade occultly conducive to true virtue or this gentleman would never have set his face so like iron against that pretty widow, even when she kissed her hand to him.

The tailor had a wife As sometimes happens with next door neighbors, there was not entire harmony between the tailor family and the widow family We are told, in brief, that the widow's girl and the tailor's wife hated one another like poison We are not informed why, but it was probably because the chit of a girl had made disparaging remarks about the tailor's wife's spring bonnet Ladies' quarrels are apt to arise in that way At any rate, the girl wished to "devil" the tailor's wife So she began to call the tailor pet names—"dearie," "duckie," "sweetie," and such as that This she confessed with tears of penitence when she was arrested and brought to court by the tailor, who then and there earned his title of the most virtuous man living

The tailor, good family man that he was, bore the endearments with meek and uncomplaining dignity till they came to the point where the girl blew him a kiss off the tips of her fingers. Outraged virtue could then endure no more. The tailor had the girl arrested for disturbing the peace and attempting to trifle with the high character of a respectable married man. The widow herself was arrested at the same time on the same charge. But she was let off on her calling not only heaven but the police justice to witness in the most solemn manner that it was not the tailor, but the tailor's wife to whom she had kissed her hand Evidently the judge thought there was a difference between blowing a kiss to a tailor and a tailor's wife, for he let the mother off with a reprimand, while he fined the girl $5, although she protested that she just wanted to make the man's wife jealous because she hated her We are glad this thing happened. We are glad to know the law affords protection to masculine innocence and virtue.

Mr Lecky, in his work "Democracy and Liberty," leads the reader to infer that in his judgment nothing is so disastrous to a country as to have a "mere numerical majority" vote all the taxes He bewails bitterly that England is rapidly approaching that condition of affairs, the inevitable result of which will be the division of society into two classes, one of which votes the taxes and the other class pays them But this is better than for one class the poor, to have the power to vote all the taxes and to pay too Precious little progress in the way of public improvements, public schools, free libraries and bathhouses would be made if the rich voted only the taxes they themselves paid The poor would be even more completely disfranchised than Lecky declares the rich are under the rule of a "mere numerical majority."

Death From Consumption.

Mrs Anna Mary, wife of Wm brown, of 5 uth Main street died early yesterday morning from consumption, after a long illness The deceased was 39 years of age and leaves a husband, two daughters and a son The funeral services were conducted from the residence at 9 o'clock this morning by Rev John Bates and Rev S. Baumgardner. The remains were interred in Woodlawn cemetery.

SANGUINE OF SUCCESS.

Marcus Pollasky, the Enterprising Railroad Promoter,

At Home, After a Satisfactory Trip Abroad.

Marcus Pollasky, just back from his trip to Europe, saye the Adrian *Times*, arrived in the city last night, pleased with the success of his foreign visit and as enthusiastic as ever over the railroad which it is proposed to build through Ohio and Michigan.

He stated the bonds was satisfactorily disposed of, but did not care to name the amount floated.

Mr. Pollasky goes from here to make a short visit with his mother at Alma, and then, after arranging some matters at his law office in Chicago, will return to this city next week and unfold further detailed glads of his project to a committee of business men, appointed when the matter was first broached.

Mr. Pollasky did not care to discuss these with a *Times* reporter before he had done so with the committee, but he did state that matters were in a better condition than ever before.

Mr. Pollasky announced that he would be engaged in this vicinity all summer furthering the work, dividing the greater part of his time between this city, Defiance and Lima

STREET TALK.

"One of the narrowest escapes from death that I ever had," said an old time railroad man, a few days ago, "was one time when I was braking ahead on a through freight on the Nickle Plate We were chasing through the country one dark night and I was sitting on the fireman's seat in the cab, when the engineer looked back and couldn't see the hind end. I got out on top and got a glimpse of the conductor's lamp away back in the distance. I could barely distinguish that he was swinging us down, and I gave the engineer a signal to stop. We only had three cars left with the engine, and it didn't take us long to stop, but we had no sooner come to a standstill than I heard the clickety click of a cut of cars coming down toward us at a rate of about 40 miles an hour I threw my lamp up real quick to give the engineer a signal to go ahead, and the glim went out "Get out they're into us," I yelled, and the engineer pulled the throttle wide open and gave her two pipes of sand and we started up so quickly that I was almost jerked off the top We were barely able to keep ahead of the cut for five or six miles, and then we struck a grade and gradually allowed the cut to come up against us Our train had broke in three pieces and the hind man had stopped the last cut, but the middle cut came near getting us"

* *

Prof Fred Bell, a once prominent character, and minister in this city, but of late creating excitement on the Pacific coast, has finally located in Chicago, where he advertises himself as a teacher or occultism, palmistry, hypnotism and phrenology The Chicago papers evidently have some insight into his life history and methods, and are giving him some free and sarcastic notoriety.

* *

Dr. A. N Smeall, well known as a trainer of fast horses, had the misfortune to break one of his ankles a few days ago

* *

Newberger. the horse owned by John Splan which made the great record for the three minute class, at the recent Lima races, is entered in a 2 40 race at Chicago this afternoon The purse is $3,000, and Newberger is a general favorite. With a record of 2.12 he is almost a sure winner in a 2 40 class.

One more co operative association is budding into being It is a bicycle organization in New York city The members of the association propose to buy all their wheels and general bicycle supplies direct from the manufacturers, thereby saving for themselves the retailers' profits. They will at once start a bicycle store for the sale of all wheeling goods, and repair shops will be connected with it The goods will be sold at cost to members of the association, and only members will be allowed to purchase This privilege will, however, probably be extended to the families of the wheelmen It the scheme is successful so far as bicycles and their belongings are concerned, then the members of this co-operative scheme propose to extend it, so as to include household goods and supplies, to be sold to members on the same terms If the association confines its deals strictly to cash transactions, it can thrive In the case of the vast co-operative stores of England, the most successful thus far, it has been found best to put the retail price of supplies only a little lower than that of goods at the ordinary retail shops, dividing the profits accruing among the members of the association

WITH REGRET

Father Brady Leaves to Labor in Another Field

Transferred to the Sts Peter and Paul's Church at Sandusky—Rev. Mooney Probably His Successor

The attendants at eleven o'clock mass at St Rose church yesterday, were very much surprised when Rev L A. Brady, the celebrant of the mass announced from the altar that this was his last Sunday to officiate as assistant pastor of St Rose church. Father Brady received intelligence of his removal last Saturday evening. In making the announcement of his removal he expressed his regret of his removal from the present charge, but said it was a pleasure to obey his bishop Father Brady has been for the past two years assistant pastor at St Rose's and during that time the congregation has become much attached to him, and many were the regrets expressed yesterday at the close of the eleven o'clock service Father Brady's new charge will be the assistant pastor to Rev. Father Sidley, at Saints Peter and Paul's church, Sandusky city. It is thought that his successor here will be Father Mooney the present assistant at Saints Peter and Paul's church. at Sandusky Father Brady's duties in his new field of labor will begin on next Sunday. He will leave for Sandusky on next Friday. Father Brady takes with him the well wishes of hosts of friends in Lima, for his success in his new charge. The people of St's Peter and Paul's church can congratulate themselves upon being so fortunate in getting a priest of Father Brady's worth.

A GOOD GAME.

Eight Hundred People Witness the Shamrock's Defeat

The Marguettes Finally Win a Game With a Close Score—Two Games to be Played Next Saturday

One of the most exciting base ball contests that has been held so far under the City League was played yesterday between the Shamrocks and Marguettes It was stubbornly contested by both sides from the first to the last inning The Marguettes sought to win themselves again with favor by playing a good strong game. They had fallen into a sort of disrepute and endeavored yesterday to regain the reputation with which they started The Shamrocks had, by playing probably the best ball of any of the clubs, placed themselves in the first honor place and they entered the diamond yesterday determined to maintain their reputation and to retain first honors They put up a splendid game and worked together well and were true Spartans to the finish

Yesterday, without a doubt, saw the largest crowd present that has been at any of the games The grand stand was crowded and no room was to be found on the bleachers Every one was pleased with the game and both teams had a great number of friends present The Marquettes won by a score of 10 to 13 Sunger Cook and Dunn did the battery work for the Shamrocks while Aultschul and Robb were in the game for the Marquettes The features of the game were the catches of O'Brien and Welch and the work of Robb behind the bat

When You Take Your Vacation

The most necessary article to have with you (after your pocket book) is a bottle of Foley's Colic and Diarrhœa Cure It is an absolute prevention or cure of all derangements of the bowels caused by a change of water You are likely to need it H F Vortkamp, n e cor Main and North streets.

All Wheelmen

Are invited to join in a tour over the twenty mile road race course. Meet at F. E. Harman's, 215 north Main street, Tuesday evening, 6 30 sharp

Free Concert

There will be a free concert at Hover's Lake to-morrow night, on the occasion of the out-door game of basket ball by the Y M C A 20 2t

COURT HOUSE NEWS

MARRIAGE LICENSES

Samuel Watt and Icie Bassett
Chas W Ross and Lillie Hamilton

Before you arrive at the last bottle of HIRES Root beer make some home, don't be caught without it

Made only by the C. E. Hires Co. Sold everywhere. A 25c package makes 5 gallons.

WANTED

WANTED Girl for general housework Enquire at once at 306 south Main street tf

WANTED—Girl for general housework in small family, call at 131 north Collet street tf

LOST—Between west North street and McBeth's lake on Sunday afternoon, a child's blue coat Please return to O C Miller, 719 w North street, and receive reward tf

WANTED—Salesmen Salary from start Permanent place Brown Bros Co Nurserymen, Rochester N Y 8 6 eod 1 mo m w s

MEN—To take orders in every town and city, no delivery, good wages paid weekly, no capital, steady work GLPN BROS, Rochester N Y 181 s85 m w s

NO. 54.

East Side Public Square First-class Barbershop. Ladies' and Children's Haircutting done to order. Special room for ladies' hairdressing

A. G. LUTZ, Proprietor

TICKETS FREE,

COLUMBIA BICYCLE "96" COLUMBIA

TO BE GIVEN AWAY JULY 4th, AT THE

WAUGH SHOE STORE.

ASK FOR THEM.

REPARE FOR INDEPENDENCE DAY.

Let your patriotism prompt you to do honor to the occasion by appearing in holiday attire. All last week our store was a

A RUSH. · A CRUSH. · A JAM.

o the extraordinary success of our GREAT MID-SUMMER CLEARANCE SALE, we have decided to continue it one more week, and will positively close Saturday night, July 4th, so if you need anything in wearing apparel for the present use or the future, the long looked for opportuninty has come; your waiting has not been in vain.

The Keenest Cut, the Cleanest Sweep on Record!

or Bright.

Without blare of bugles, lurid lights or pyrotechnics of words, we put the plain facts plainly before you. The policy of our house, as you all know by experience, is to make each season stand on its own losses—take the bitter with the sweet. We have passed the profit making period and entered upon a season of money losing. The quicker the agony is over the better we will feel; therefore this appalling cut in prices is as deep as it is clean, as general, as uncompromicing, as broad as impartial. Thousands of dollars' worth of matchless outfitting for men and boys are now to be ruthlessly sacrificed on the altar of stern necessity at prices never before quoted in good faith for goods of equal merit by any house between oceans. There is a wide distinction between the wholesome integrity of this sweeping clearance sale and the fakes and nondescripts who by wily methods and plausible tales are angling for your trade, but dare NOT, can NOT

Meet the Incomparable Values Herein Offered!

Honor Bright.

Free Choice of any of our $20.00, 18.00 and 15.00 Suits for $12.65.
The Free Choice of any of our $14.00, 12.00 and 10.00 Suits for $7.65.
The Free Choice of any of our $9, $8 and $7 Suits for $5.48.
The Free Choice of any of our $6, $5.50 and $5 Suits for $3.90.

a Single Exception. Not a Solitary Reservation.
Everything Goes. These Goods Must be Turned Into Money at Once.

Few Words

o prospective purchasers.—In a sale like icest styles go first always, as we give the hoice of the entire stock at prices adver- only natural the first comers pick the fin- : entitled to their pick, and they shall have he wisdom of making an early choice.

no necessity to enter into a detailed de- hese Suits. Cold, inanimate type would y any idea of their varied beauties. The aultless styles, the graceful fitting proper- artistic ensemble, which stamp them with iperiority. There are no finer goods made y. Our patrons demand the best, and n always.

$12.65

$5.48

$7.65

$3.90

Tastes Vary.

And every taste can be gratified with ease from this truly metropolitan stock of ours at these advertised prices. There are frock suits in plain black worsteds, cheviots and cassimeres; also in mixed combination effects, tweeds, twills, lined with the very best of lining. Also, some skeleton serge Suits. Every one of these Suits was designed, cut, trimmed and made by America's best makers of the finest ready-to-wear Suits. Every one of these Suits go at these advertised prices.

Children's Suits.

h suits, regular price $1, our special price	49c
ts, regular selling price 25c, our midsummer clearance sale price	9c
ra fine wash suits, regular price $1 50, our mid-summer clearance only	89c
ible breasted suits, ages 4 to 14, in fancy mixtures, regular $1.50 during our mid-summer clearance sale	69c
is with extra pair of pants and cap to match, regular $3 00 values, ir mid-summer clearance sale	$1 65
black and Cheviot suits, double breasted, ages from 3 to 14 regu- values, our price during this great mid-summer clearance sale	1.69
all wool Suits in light and dark colors, single and double breasted, 4 00 values, during our special mid summer clearance sale	2.25
all wool Jersey suits, ages from 3 to 7 years, in five different styles, old during our great mid summer clearance sale	1.48
velvet Junior Suits, sizes from 3 to 7 years, regular $4.00 values, ar Special sale only	1.70
f all $6.00, $5 00 and $4 50 suits, in black and blue clay fancy scotch, Tricots all this season's styles, during our great mid-summer e sale	3.98

y's Long Pants Suits,

nts suits, sizes from 12 to 19, regular $4 00 values, during this sale	$2.98
its suits, in black and blue cheviots, single and double breasted, o 19 regular $7 00 values, our especial price	3.65
light colored suits, sizes from 14 to 19 years, regular $8.00 values, al price	4.25
f all $12 00, $10.00 and $9.00 boys suits, ages from 14 to 19 years, in d blue, clay fancy worsted Scotch Cheviots, during the great ale	7.85

Gent's Furnishings.

Men's fine hemstitched handkerchiefs, regular 15c values, during our mid-summer clearance sale	4c
Men's fine hose in tan, drabs and blacks, regular 20c values, during our mid season clearance sale	9c
Men's good suspenders, regular selling price 20c, our price during this sale only	8c
Men's fine linen collars	4c
Men's fine linen cuffs	9c
Men's fine silk neckwear, tecks, bows and 4-in-hands, regular 40c values, during this sale only	17c
Men's balbriggan shirts and drawers, regular price 35c, our special price during this sale	19c
Men's good, everyday working shirts, sold all over at 35c, our price	19c
Men's negligee shirts, with collars attached, regular 75c values our price during this sale	44c
Men's fine balbriggan shirts and drawers regular 85c values	44c
Men's very fine percale shirts, with two collors and cuffs to match, regular $1.25 values	89c
Men's extra fine balbriggan shirts and drawers, regular $1.25 values only	89c
Men's very fine silk and lisle hose, regular 50c goods, our special price	23c
E and W collars in all the latest styles—no old chestnuts, sold the world over at 25 cents	18c
E and W cuffs in plain and link style, sold the world over at 40c, our price only	33c
Men's extra fine unlaundried shirts, linen bosoms, during this sale	43c
Men's very fine working shirts, regular 60c values only	44c

Special for the Ladies.

All our Star Waists at $1.75, $1 50 and $1.25 go in this sale	69c
All our $3.00, $2.50 and $2 00 Waists go in this sale at	$1.39
Ladies' fine leather Belts in white and tan	19c
Ladies' extra fine Straw Hats, regular $2 00 and $1 50, go at	89c
Ladies' fine black and white straw Sailors	39c

We also have in stock a full line of Ladies' Collars and Cuffs.

MEN'S PANTS.

Men's fancy cotton Worsted Pants, regular $1.50 values, during this sale, only	68c
Men's good business Pants in black and fancy mixtures, only	$1 23
Men's worsted Pants, fancy stripe	89c
Men's fine wool Pants in light and dark colors; during this sale	$1 89
250 pairs Men's fine all wool black Clay Pants, worth $4 50 per pair, will be sold during this sale at	$2 69

YOU KNOW US. YOU KNOW OUR MOTTO. WE ALWAYS DO AS WE ADVERTISE.

THE MAMMOTH,

ADVERTISERS OF FACTS NOT FAKES.

NewspaperARCHIVE®
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AMONG CHINA'S SILKWORMS

A Little Girl's Story of the Great Oriental Industry.

Silkworm eggs are about as large and as round as a pin's head. Some are black and some are white, with a yellowish tint in them. A little moth lays these eggs in the spring, and they will hatch the next spring, when the mulberry leaves are just coming out. When it is time to hatch them, the Chinese put them on their bodies to keep them warm, but we keep ours in a cupboard in a warm place. When the silkworms come out, they are about an eighth of an inch long and are a dark brown and their heads a shiny black.

We gather tender mulberry leaves and cut them up fine and give it to them. They eat all the time, day and night, and do not rest until they shed their skin four times. At these times they do not eat, but are quiet and hold up their heads. As they grow larger their color grows lighter, and then dark rings appear on their bodies. They have 14 legs, four pairs in the back and three pairs in the front. When they are small, we can put a good many into one small basket. When they are large, we must put them into several large baskets. They eat a good deal and must have fresh leaves all the time. They have to be fed in the night.

When they are full grown, they are about 2½ inches long, and then they begin to spin. We know when they want to spin, because they stop eating and are clear and shiny, and a thread of silk is coming from their mouths, and they keep crawling up all the time.

When we see this, we know they are trying to find a good place to make their cocoons, and we put them on bundles of straw. They crawl around until they find a place that suits them, and then they stand upon their hind legs and wave their heads very slowly back and forth, and a fine thread of silk comes from their mouths.

They keep working very busily until the cocoon is made. Mother dissected a silkworm and saw the two silk glands coiled along each side of the body. These glands lead to the spinneret that is in the mouth. The cocoons are oval.

Some are white, and some are yellow, and some are cream color. Inside the cocoon there is a change in the worm. It becomes a pupa. It comes out as a moth.

If we paste a piece of paper over the top of a cup and put a silkworm on it, it will spin a mat instead of a cocoon.

Some are not willing to spin a mat and crawl off and spin a cocoon. The Chinese embroider the mats and use them for the ends of pillows and for powder puffs. Last year we called a man to wind off the silk from our cocoons. He put a handful of cocoons into boiling water.

This kills the pupa in an instant. He stirred them with chopsticks until the threads were loosened from the cocoons. He then lifted up a few threads and put them over a wheel and wound off all the silk until there was nothing but the pupa left in the bottom of the water. The Chinese save all these to eat. We saved a few cocoons for moths to come out and lay some eggs for next year.

They lay several hundred eggs and then die without ever eating anything. I think that silkworms are busy, patient, wonderful little creatures.

The Chinese have many superstitions about them. They do not dare to call them worms, but say "the precious ones," or "Miss Caterpillar." They do not allow us to go into their houses while the silkworms are at work, because they are afraid it will lessen their crop of silk.

When they are winding the silk, they boil eggs in the pan, and they say that if they eat those eggs they will not have sore eyes or headache for a year.—Central China Sunbeam.

Spanish Bric-a-brac Dealers.

At times the bric-a-brac dealer was seen in the hotel. Usually he kept to his shop in the Calle de los Gomeres, where there was little to buy at a price that would be the envy of Wardour street. The guides probably could best have explained how it was that he always had prompt hint of a possible bargain. In these emergencies he was really great. I have known hint with only two days' warning to produce a special piece of tapestry of the time of Ferdinand and Isabella, decorated with the arms of the Marquis of Cadiz and even with that brave soldier's name woven in the borders, unquestionably by the fair hands of the Catholic queen, though in the plain letters of a modern manufacturer's invoice.—Elizabeth Robins Pennell in Century.

Pleasure.

Writers of every age have endeavored to show that pleasure is in us and not in the object offered for our amusement. If the soul be happily disposed, everything becomes capable of affording entertainment, and distress will almost wear a smile.—Goldsmith.

TRAVELERS' TALES.

The Wonderful Stories Related by the Polos to Their Venetian Neighbors.

Noah Brooks tells "The Story of Marco Polo" in St. Nicholas. Mr. Brooks quotes the following from John Baptist Ramusio to show how the three Polos, after their return from their wonderful journey to Cathay, convinced their neighbors of the truth of their story:

They invited a number of their kindred to an entertainment, which they took care should have premeditated with great state and splendor in that house of theirs, and when the hour arrived for sitting down to table they came forth from their chamber, all three clothed in crimson satin fashioned in long robes reaching to the ground, such as people in those days were within doors. And when water for the hands had been served and the guests were set, they took off those robes and put on others of crimson damask, while the first suits were by their orders cut up and divided among the servants. Then after partaking of some of the dishes they went out again and came back in robes of crimson velvet, and when they had again taken their seats the second suits were divided as before. When dinner was over, they did the like with the robes of velvet after they had put on dresses of the ordinary fashion worn by the rest of the company. These proceedings caused much wonder and amazement among the guests. But when the cloth had been drawn and all the servants had been ordered to retire from the dining hall, Messer Marco, as the youngest of the three, rose from table, and, going into another chamber, brought forth the three shabby dresses of coarse stuff which they had worn when they first arrived.

Straightway they took sharp knives and began to rip up some of the seams and welts and to take out of them jewels of the greatest value in vast quantities, such as rubies, sapphires, carbuncles, diamonds and emeralds, which had all been stitched up in those dresses in so artful a fashion that nobody could have suspected the fact, for when they took leave of the great khan they had changed all the wealth that he had bestowed upon them into this mass of rubies, emeralds and other jewels, being well aware of the impossibility of carrying with them so great an amount of gold over a journey of such extreme length and difficulty. Now, this exhibition of such a huge treasure of jewels and precious stones, all tumbled out upon the table, threw the guests into fresh amazement, insomuch that they seemed quite bewildered and dumfounded. And now they recognized that in spite of all former doubts these were in truth those honored and worthy gentlemen of the Ca' Polo that they claimed to be, and so all paid them the greatest honor and reverence. And when the story got wind in Venice, straightway the whole city, gentle and simple, flocked to the house to embrace them and to make much of them, with every conceivable demonstration of affection and respect.

On Messer Maffeo, who was the eldest, they conferred the honors of an office that was of great dignity in those days, while the young men came daily to visit and converse with the ever polite and gracious Messer Marco and to ask him questions about Cathay and the Great Can, all of which he answered with such kindly courtesy that every man felt himself in a manner his debtor. And as it happened that in the story which he was constantly called on to repeat, of the magnificence of the great khan, he would speak of his revenues as amounting to 10 or 15 millions of gold, and in like manner, when recounting other instances of great wealth in those parts, would always make use of the term millions, so they gave him the nickname of Messer Marco Millioni, a thing which I have noted also in the public books of this republic where mention is made of him. The court of his house, too, at St. Giovanni Chrisostomo, has always from that time been popularly known as the Court of the Millioni.

Repeating Rifles.

The king of Denmark's "sort of new invented guns, which being but once charged will discharge many times, one after another," in 1657, would seem to have had rivals about the same period. Pepys twice refers to such. On July 3, 1662, when "at the Dolphin with the officers of the ordnance, after dinner was brought to Sir W. Compton a gun to discharge seven times, the best of all devices that ever I saw and very serviceable and not a bawble, for it is much approved of and many thereof made." And on March 4, 1663-4, he mentioned "a new fashion gun to shoot often, one after another."—Notes and Queries.

Practical Education.

"We spend," remarked a prominent shipbuilder of Bath, "$30,000 every year on our schools, and there isn't a graduate who knows enough about geology to go out in the suburbs and select rocks suitable for building purposes."—Lewiston Journal.

For Universal Peace.

A characteristic event of the century movement is the formation in Europe of the "International League of Women For General Disarmament." It began with some French ladies, at the head of whom was the wife of Camille Flammarion, the astronomer, but it has spread into several of the countries of continental Europe, notably Austria. The president of the league is Princess Wisniewska.

The ladies are very much in earnest. They have undertaken propaganda in all nations at once, so that all the nations may be persuaded to disband their armies at the same time. Certainly all or none must disarm. The movement progresses by means of lectures, fireside talks and instruction to the rising generation. The women consider Europe to be governed by a military barbarism, a barbarism which takes women's sons in the flower of their youth, makes them give the best years of their life to useless drill, or, if they go to war, brings them back dead or mutilated. It is true that wherever military government prevails there also woman is in a state of painful subjection.

The ladies may accomplish something by their work. They have already interested a number of prominent statesmen in it. But there is just one way whereby war will be made to disappear from the earth. That will be when it is proved to the satisfaction of the business world that nothing destroys trade, manufacture and commerce like war. If they find that war injures the world seriously in pocket, then war will stop and forever. Business men throughout civilization are making this discovery now; therefore universal disarmament was never so near as it is now. The federated chambers of commerce of the British empire spoke the sentiment of all the industrial classes in their recent resolution recommending arbitration for settling international differences.

Wooden Silk.

Since the dawn of history people have fed worms on mulberry leaf and fiber, and in return the worms have spun from the material of the leaf the fine and shining silk thread. The wood fiber was thus first turned into worm and then into silk.

It took a long time for the idea to penetrate the mind of man, but at last some genius took it into his head that the wood might be turned directly into silk without passing it through the worm. He experimented accordingly, and in course of time actually succeeded in producing a very fair silk from wood pulp. This genius was a Frenchman, and, strange to say, a nobleman besides, the Count Hilaire de Chardonnet, chevalier of the Legion of Honor. He patented his discovery, and a company of Englishmen at Manchester have now undertaken to make the wood silk thread from the pulp and sell it, already spun, to weavers everywhere.

The doom of the silkworm industry has probably been struck. It is the sustenance of millions of persons in France, in Italy, in Spain, in China and Japan, but it will likely now have to go. Silk directly from wood can be made so much more cheaply and quickly than by the old process. The wood is first subjected to maceration by a mixture of sulphuric and nitric acids. The new artificial silk thread is more lustrous than the worm's thread, but not quite so strong.

A large part of the state of Maryland has become a market garden for the great cities of Baltimore, New York and Philadelphia. According to the Baltimore American, ablebodied individuals who are just pining for work, but cannot get it, can be accommodated at present in their hearts' desire on the trucking farms of Maryland. The American remarks: "The pay is good, and the work is not heavy. It is hard to understand why more men do not seek this kind of employment. There is in it assurance of regular pay, with opportunities of branching out and becoming owners of farms. There is especial demand in this community for a higher grade of vegetables and small fruits."

Emperor William's gay little racing yacht Meteor, which has played such havoc among the fast boats of British sporting men, was built by Watson, the English designer, it is true. But it is also true that Designer Watson followed in her model very closely the lines on which the America cup champion, Defender, was constructed. But, then, again, Defender was built on the English deep keel model rather than on the Yankee centerboard idea, so that, after all, we cannot lay claim to very much on behalf of William's Meteor.

From the demand for novels in dialect English it looks as if the American who has made a failure at novel writing along other lines might be thoroughly successful if he should master Scotch or Welsh and give the world a tale written therein. We commend this view of the case to Americans who cannot find sale for their novels written in English.

The Republican convention at St. Louis was the eleventh presidential nominating convention that has been held by that party. It was, however, the first time a national Republican convention has met in St. Louis.

"Politics and labor do not go together," says Eugene Debs.

A Pretty Room.

A lovely and not expensive room fitted up for the home coming, after her four years of college life, of the daughter of the household, had ceiling and walls finished in cream white. A dado of wild rose cretonne runs around the room, and the curtains, covering of the lounge, cushions, bed valance and canopy are all of the material. The window curtains are shirred on the poles and fall over sheer muslin ones edged with a frill and tied back under the straight ones with pink ribbons. The carpet rug has a cream ground with wild roses trailing over it, and the one deep window seat is piled with cushions covered with soft silver green art sateen in charming harmony with the prevailing pink.—New York Times.

More Trimming For New Skirts.

The new skirts for outdoor wear, says a fashion authority, appear more generally with some kind of trimming, yet for the most part in straight or sloping lines in the length. If the edge is to be ornamented, this is done by putting a broad band of velvet in a darker color all round. Sometimes such bands are fastened down at pretty long distances with large buttons and sloped ends, to mitigate the admired tabs so largely used for trimmings. On evening dresses the decoration covers the front of the skirt and takes the shape of a tablier, panel and robing of plaited lace or tulle, silk of another color, sequin embroidery, and so forth.

BEASTS THAT GET SEASICK.

Lions Become Unkinglike, Monkeys Ape Humanity, and Dogs Are Woeful.

Human beings are not the only ones who suffer from seasickness by any means. One hears a good deal about the pangs that have filled men and women with woe, but little is said of the menageries brought to America every year, or carried hither and yon in wavetossed boats.

Lions and tigers may be majestic when they have unwavering earth or rock against their paws, but a seasick cat of these tribes is as forlorn as any man ever was and doesn't look a bit more kingly than a wet rabbit. Even its roars and growls have a weeping sound in them, quite in keeping with the general appearance of the beast.

A monkey is as pitiful an object when it is seasick as any other beast so stricken, and its forlorn facial expression is so human like and the way it clasps its paws across its stomach is so natural that the man who is not seasick necessarily sees something to laugh at in the misery of the creature. Not so with the seasick man. If he sees a seasick monkey he is sure to swear furiously, thinking the poor thing is mocking him.

It takes a dog to be woeful at sea. It has a way of doubling all up, with its tail between its legs and head hanging down that shows deep seated pain. To free itself the dog goes through all sorts of contortions. It will stretch out on the deck, groan and squeal, sometimes rising on its haunches and lifting its head, howl long and miserably, as some dogs do at the sound of music.—New York Sun.

Cape Colonists as Uitlanders.

In the Cape Colony itself there are many grades of society among the Dutch and French themselves. The older, wealthier and more aristocratic families who live around Cape Town and the vicinity are removed by a whole world of education and ideas from the uncouth corn boer of the Malmesbury district or the tobacco grower of George or Oudtshoorn.

To say that, for the sake of sentiment, a Paarl vigneron or a Karroo sheep farmer will shoulder his rifle and leave his flocks and herds to fight for the Transvaal, thereby imperiling his all in the chances of war, is to exaggerate and distort the race question in South Africa. Indeed, it may surprise us to learn that among Jameson's troopers there were several men bearing old Dutch and French colonial names. The Transvaal government has no great love for the brethren of the Cape Colony and classes them as "uitlanders."—Blackwood's Magazine.

Motions In Writing.

It is a known fact that a rapid writer writes 30 words per minute. It has been estimated that in doing so he must draw his pen through the space of a rod every 60 seconds. He makes an average of 16 curves of the pen for every word written. Writing 30 words per minute he makes 8 pen curves each second or 28,800 per hour. If he works only five hours a day he must daily give his pen 144,000 twists and flourishes, and if he put in 300 days a year he makes not less than 43,200,000 curves and turns of the pen in that time.—St. Louis Republic.

HOW AN ADVERTISEMENT

SAVED A WOMAN'S LIFE.

[SPECIAL TO OUR LADY READERS.]

"For four years I suffered with female troubles. I was so bad that I was compelled to have assistance from the bed to the chair. I tried all the doctors and the medicines that I thought would help me.

"One day, while looking over the paper, I saw the *advertisement* of your Vegetable Compound. I thought I would try it. I did so, and found relief. I was in bed when I first began to take the Compound. After taking four bottles, I was able to be up and walk around, and now I am doing my housework. Many thanks to Mrs. Pinkham for her wonderful Compound. It saved my life."—MRS. HATTIE MADAUS, 184 North Clark Street, Chicago, Ill.

More evidence in favor of that never-failing female remedy, *Lydia E. Pinkham's* Vegetable Compound.

A POSITIVE CURE GUARANTEED for the worst cases of Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Constipation, Liver and Kidney Diseases, Nervousness, Headache etc. Mr. Edward Wood of Principar Iowa, who formally lived near La Porte and who is widely and very favorably known in northern Iowa writes on March 9th '96. "I have taken Dr. Kay's Renovator and it has cured me of dyspepsia of about ten years standing. I was so bad off that everything I ate soured in my stomach. I can now eat almost anything. I am seventy one years old and I shall recommend it to others for the good it has done me." It renovates and invigorates the whole system and purifies and

Dr. Kay's Renovator

enriches the blood giving new life and vigor to the whole body. It is the VERY BEST NERVE TONIC known. Very pleasant and easy to take. It is made from pure concentrated extracts, in tablet form and has 2 to 4 times the doses that liquid remedies have. Sold by druggists or sent by mail on receipt of price 50c. and $1. SEND STAMP FOR FREE SAMPLE AND OUR BOOKLET. It treats nearly all diseases and has many valuable receipts. Many value it worth $5 if they could not get another. Address our Western Office. Dr. B. J. Kay Medical Co., Omaha, Neb.

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Pond's Extract

Quiets Pain, Checks Bleeding, Reduces Inflammation, Is the Bicycler's Necessity.

Piles, Sores, Burns, Colds, CURES Rheumatism, Sore Throat, Hoarseness, Catarrh, Chilblains, Inflamed Eyes, Wounds, Bruises, Sprains, Headache, Toothache.

Use POND'S EXTRACT after Shaving—No Irritation
Use POND'S EXTRACT after Exercising—No Lameness

POND'S EXTRACT OINTMENT is simply a marvel. How instantly it cures Piles. What relief from excruciating pain. 50 cts.

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For sale by Melville Bros.

A Fortunate Tide.

"There is a tide in the affairs of men," said the man who habitually quotes Shakespeare, "which taken at its flood leads on to fortune."

"Yes," replied the man who had married an heiress, "I remember the tide that led to my fortune well."

"What tide was that?"

"It was eventide, and we were sitting in the garden."—*Washington Times.*

DISEASES OF THE SKIN.

The intense itching and smarting incident to eczema, tetter, salt-rheum, and other diseases of the skin is instantly allayed by applying Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment. Many very bad cases have been permanently cured by it. It is equally efficient for itching piles and a favorite remedy for sore nipples, chapped hands, chilblains, frost bites, and chronic sore eyes. For sale by druggists at 25 cents per box.

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If so, never start on a journey without a bottle of Foley's Diarrhœa and Colic Cure, a sure preventive of bowel complaints occasioned by change of water or climate. 25 and 50c. H. F. Vortkamp.

CHICAGO & ERIE EXCURSIONS

Teachers' Association of Ohio, Chautauqua Lake Points, N. Y.

For above meeting the Chicago & Erie will sell excursion tickets one fare for round trip. Selling date, July 1st and 2nd, good returning until July 12th, inclusive.

Democratic National Convention, Chicago, Ill., July 3rd to 6th.

On July 3rd, 4th, 5th and 6th the Chicago & Erie will sell excursion tickets from Lima to Chicago and return for $6.25, good returning until July 12th. Train No. 5 leaving Lima at 11:23 a. m., arrives in Chicago at 5 p. m.—a delightful train to take.

National Educational Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

July 5th and 6th the Chicago & Erie will sell to Buffalo, N. Y., and return, excursion tickets at rate of $11.30; good returning July 12th, and may be extended until Sept. 1st.

Any information for above excursions apply to F. C. McCoy, Agent.

P., Ft. W. & C. EXCURSIONS.

Democratic National Convention Excursions to Chicago.

Tickets to Chicago will be sold at reduced rates via Pennsylvania Lines July 3d 4th, 5th and 6th; good returning until July 12th; details may be obtained by applying to Ticket Agents of Pennsylvania Lines. m f

Christian Endeavor Washington Excursions.

Low rate tickets to Washington, account Christian Endeavor Convention, will be sold via Pennsylvania Short Lines July 4th, 5th 6th and 7th; good to return until July 16th, with privilege to extend limit until July 31st. See Pennsylvania Line Ticket Agents for details.

H. H. OYLER, Ticket Agent.

Penny Wise and Pound Foolish

Are they who have not Foley's Diarrhœa and Colic Cure as a safeguard in the family. 25 and 50c. H. F. Vortkamp.

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Excursions via C., H. & D R. R. Co.

Fourth of July on the C., H & D. Railway.

Special Low Excursion Tickets will be sold everywhere on the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton Railway, on July 3rd and 4th, good for return until July 5th, at One Fare for Round Trip. Full information on application to Agents C., H. & D. Railway.

Dayton and Return—On July 1 and 2 the C. H. & D. R'y will sell round trip tickets at one fare; good returning until the 6th.

Cincinnati and Return—On July 5 and 6, the C. H & D. R'y will sell excursion tickets at one fare; tickets good returning until the 12th.

St. Louis and Return—On July 20, 21, the C. H. & D. R'y will sell excursion tickets at one fare for the round trip; tickets good returning until July 27th

Milwaukee and Return—On July 14, 15 and 16 the C. H. & D. R'y will sell round trip tickets at one fare; good returning until the 22nd or longer.

Chicago and Return—On July 3, 4, 5 and 6, the C. H. & D. R'y will sell round trip tickets at one fare; good returning until July 12th.

Fourth of July Rate—The C. H. & D. R'y will sell tickets at one fare for the round trip to all points within 200 miles of Lima on the 3rd and 4th; good to return until the 6th.

Sunday rate on the C. H. & D. R'y will be one fare for the round trip to all points.

Put-in-Bay and Return.

Teachers' Association of Ohio tickets on sale June 30 and July 1, good to return unt July 6, only one fare for the round trip.

Excursion to Dayton via C., H & D. Ry.

On July 1st and 2nd agents of the C., H. & D Ry. will sell tickets to Dayton and return at one and one-third fare, good to return until July 6th, account League of American Wheelmen.

One-Half Fare to Cincinnati via C., H. & D. Ry.

On July 5th and 6th agents of the C., H. & D. Ry will sell tickets to Cincinnati and return at one fare for the round trip, good to return until July 12th, on account of the "Elks."

On to Washington. On July 4th, 5th, 6th and 7th agents of the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton railway will sell tickets to Washington and return at one fare for the round trip, on account of Young People's Society Christian Endeavor, tickets good to return until July 31st. For full information apply to agents C., H. & D.

Washington, D. C., and Return, July 4, 5, 6 and 7; tickets good to return until July 15th. Only one fare for the round trip

Buffalo, N. Y., and Return, July 6 and 7; rate for the round trip only one fare, either by water or rail.

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Small, Close Fitting, Quaint Bonnet.

Beside the toke which bears the stamp of Parisian approval there is a small, close fitting bonnet, quaint in shape and made of rather coarse straw or chip of the fancy braids. These bonnets, though not unlike the Dutch cap in shape, are somewhat larger, and are worn farther on the face. The trimming in some instances takes the form of a wreath and encircles the crown. Then the dexterous milliner bends it so that it seems almost oval. Some times the chief decoration is at one side and stands up very high. Again, the entire front is quite plain, the trimming is at the back, and either flares out in bows at each side, or stands up quite straight just in the center. Rosettes of piece velvet or gauze ribbon are liked on these bonnets, and many good color effects are obtained when a little care is taken, and some thought is given to the contrast between the rosettes and flowers. —Isabel A. Mallon in Ladies' Home Journal.

An order of precedence is the order in which individuals are entitled to precede or follow each other in state ceremonials or public occasions, when processions of the nobility are formed.

To be idle and to be poor have always been reproaches, and therefore every man endeavors with his utmost care to hide his poverty from others and his idleness from himself.—Johnson.

Fees for copies of drawings in the patent office are variable. In the language of the department, 'the charge is the reasonable cost of making.'

Feed the Nerves

Upon pure, rich blood and you need not fear nervous prostration. Nerves are weak when they are improperly and insufficiently nourished. Pure Blood is their proper food, and pure blood comes by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, which is thus the greatest and best nerve tonic. It also builds up the whole system.

Hood's Pills are the favorite family cathartic, easy to take, easy to operate.

A Moving Speech.

Bellows. Talk about your moving speeches. I never heard a more thrilling and effective one than Spa kins delivered at the mass meeting last evening.

Fellow.—Sparkins made a moving speech? Impossible.

Bellows.—'Tis, eh? You'd never think so if you'd been at the meeting last night when he got up and yelled "Fire!"—*Yonkers Gazette.*

Dr. D. R. Rothrock of New Berlin, Pa., does not hesitate to recommend Chamberlain's medicines. He says: "I have handled them for a year or more in my pharmacy and find them safe and reliable. My customers praise them very highly." No one who is troubled with rheumatism can use Chamberlain's Pain Balm without praising it. The quick relief from pain which it affords is alone worth many times its cost. For sale by Melville, the druggist, old postoffice corner, and C. W. Heister, 58 Public Square.

His Eccentricity.

"Beverly isn't like any other man I know."

"In what way does he differ from the rest?"

"He is courteous to people who couldn't possibly be of any service to him."—*Chicago Record.*

SICK HEADACHE

Positively cured by these Little Pills.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They Regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

A REFUGE

There is a still [illegible] with no [illegible] two
And a [illegible] that [illegible] as to
[illegible]
[illegible] I may
[illegible]
And there where the [illegible] of indolence
[illegible]
About the big armchair, the pipe and the
book
It seems that [illegible] visitors had [illegible]
But I had [illegible] book

The noise of the world [illegible] distant and
soft
And the cannon's dull rattle, the trumpet's
rude blare,
Would mellow, should war sound his banner
at it
For gentleness only [illegible] there
[illegible] that was [illegible] stronger to fear
A shelter against fate which to storms [illegible]
shock
And [illegible] who whisper
[illegible]
With the perfume [illegible] and
the book.

—Washington Star.

A MOTHER'S TRIUMPH

"I knew right along that Maurice was in the habit of paying court to every other woman of his acquaintance provided she was pretty, and irrespective of the fact whether she was married or betrothed or not. The boy seemed to pay no attention whatever to details, but it never occurred to me to be jealous, except in the case of this Juliette.

His gallant adventures, his conquests among theatrical ladies and young women of all sorts—what were they to me? Pah, it all struck me as rather amusing. Indeed, I felt a sort of pride seeing that emancipated as well as strictly proper girls ran into his net like fluttering larks attracted by the glamour of his young fame, by his enchanting disposition and his correct manners.

And if you consider things rightly, did not his success reflect credit upon myself too? This artist who had become famous in a night, whose past was the promise of a most brilliant future, was he not flesh of my flesh, blood of my blood? I became a widow soon after his birth and never entertained any other wish but to find consolation in his love. Because I had gladly relinquished everything in order to save the means for his education, the development of his talents, his glory was as fully my work as his personal beauty. At least I thought so and think so still. Unlike other mothers, I had recognized his genius from the start and had nurtured and helped expand it, therefore was I not entitled to share in his greatness?

And such a grateful child he was, full of tenderness for his old mother, this sweetheart of an artist, this artist in the realms of love. Even before perfect strangers he used to call me "dearest mamma." A big boy he was, and still eager to do my biddings at all hours, to fulfill my slightest wishes. Yet none of his teachers had ever succeeded in subduing his independent spirits. They might run after him over so long these ladies, boasting of his acquaintance. I knew it well—he used them only to kill time, changing sweethearts as often as the horses from the livery stable which he rode in the Bois. The only woman that had any influence upon his life, his adviser, his confidant, she that filled his heart, was his mother.

He met this Juliette in middle class society—that silly woman imagines to think herself of the first water and likes to 'conquer' with artists because the great of class cold honor them with an invitation. She was no longer a young girl. I had been flirting a good deal and had stood several times on the verge threshold of the altar. I loved her at first sight, but must admit she was pretty. The hue of the red of English mahogany, her complexion was of that dull whiteness and was so excessively delicate one might be afraid to spoil it by a kiss. Add to this eyes of a very peculiar very dark very moist greenish tint, the color of algæ seaweed. Like the rest of them she fell in love with Maurice, and my love was [illegible] infatuated with her, for every time he finds a new love he imagines for the first six weeks at least, that it is the great passion. As for me, I looked on without a shadow of alarm. The great passion indeed! He had enjoyed half a dozen of the sort since Christmas. Still, when Maurice painted Juliette's portrait her moist, cold, algæ eyes began to make me uneasy. I read in them nothing of that admiration, that limitless devotion which other women paid to and felt for my boy.

Maurice seemed to be in a state of disquietude. He was nervous, excited, disinclined for work. True, he told me funny little stories as usual and tried to appear unconcerned, but his heart was not in it.

Three times he began the portrait anew and is often it turned out a failure, Juliette telling him so plainly. Ah, that girl knew not moderation in anything—not even toward my Maurice. Summer came. She was to leave for the country. 'I will try a fourth time,' said Maurice. 'Maybe then I am more fortunate in the quietude of rural life.'

Juliette's parents, you must know, have a chateau in the Touraine, and invited Maurice to spend a few weeks with them. Of course, he had to wait some time after Juliette's departure for propriety's sake. But, oh, how the separation affected the boy! His spirits always depressed and his love of work entirely gone, his creative genius seemed to have taken flight. As for me, I suffered as much, for, poor boy, he refused to confide his sorrows to me. It was the first time that he did so. The name of Juliette never passed his lips, and when I tried to turn the conversation upon the loved subject—loved by him—his face hardened and his eyes looked fierce. And that to me, his old mother. Had he ever done such a thing before? He was entirely changed, the boy.

He went away. For a month and a half I was entirely alone. He returned the old and happy, devil may care lad. You should have seen the joyous manner in which he greeted me. Everything was well as far as he was concerned. He was to see her.

I thought I should faint away at hearing the news. I could no longer restrain myself. I told him all I knew of this Juliette, for I had gathered a mass of information concerning her. I knew some stories connected with her name that Vie Parisienne would hardly dare print, and those fellows, you know, publish anything. I admit some of the narrative would not hold water, maybe many were inventions pure and simple, but I preferred to believe everything, and told Maurice all I knew, endeavoring at the same time to inspire him with confidence in my reports. He listened attentively and, without a word's reply, went away. I saw him bite his lips as he withdrew, his face was deadly pale.

When he came in at night he embraced me in his usual fashion and said in a tone that forbade further argument: "See here, little mother, you mustn't talk that way to me. It is highly undignified in a woman to repeat such infamous tales concerning another. Juliette deserves my love, and loves me with all her heart. Pray, do not force me to choose between her and my mother."

Well, they married. Although Juliette invited me, I would not live with them. I could not have done so. I packed my things and with the two old servants buried myself in a small suburban villa. Maurice visited me quite frequently. On Sundays he took luncheon at my house. As to my daughter in law, I saw her only when I went to the city. So two years went by, the sorriest of my life. I aged at least a decade during that unhappy period. No deceived wife, no deserted mother, has ever been more tantalized by the pangs of jealousy than I was.

I did not begrudge her his kisses and caresses—he had made so many others happy with that sort of thing—but she was his friend, his confidant. She was all that I had been to him. She represented the great turning point in his life, and I was nothing to him!

During the first year of their marriage he created not a single canvas. The salon knew him not. Perhaps you won't believe it, but I felt highly elated at that. I said to myself: "She is in his way. She hinders the development of his genius. He will sicken of that." But my calculations went for naught, for in the year that followed he surpassed himself by 'The Death of Manon,' that grand painting which drew the prize of the salon. Strange to say, I did not feel any satisfaction at this either—I who had once lived but to see him succeed.

'The Death of Manon' pained me. That lithe body, those red curls, those algæ eyes—they belonged to her whom I hated. Still he never neglected me. Every now and then Maurice visited his old mother, and after awhile I noticed he came oftener and remained longer. Had anything happened? It seemed to me as if he had something to confide but hesitated and suffered because he hesitated.

Mothers' eyes are uncommonly sharp. My poor darling undoubtedly was undergoing tortures, and I who loved him so well knew the cause of his unhappiness but could not bear to ask him to free his mind on my bosom. In fact, I did not want him to obtain relief. I meant he should feel the extreme sorrows of the position he had got himself into, bear it all alone, wanting consolation, crying in vain for sympathy. I desired him to return to me exhausted and in forlorn. Then, and only then would I heal his wounds, and he would forever think me for saving him.

And is this Juliette ceased to be my rival my hatred for her diminished. While they were happy I cared not to visit them. Now, when dissolution was threatening, I invited myself and staid for days and weeks, for there were things to be found out. What an observer I came to be—a regular spy and detective, and in the end got it all down fine. My daughter in law had no mother so far but her breast yearned for a change. Let us reconnoiter, I said to myself, and attended one of her 'at homes.'

Presto, I found the man whom she was eager to capture. He was one of those with whom she had flirted when a girl, perhaps her first sweetheart, now that she knew what love was she meant to possess him, for women drag the chain of their initial enchantment forever after them, and often submit to the original yoke in after life against their will.

Appeased, full of hope for the future, I returned to my quiet home in the suburbs, more settled in my mind and convictions, happier than I had been for a long time. And when after six weeks, my poor, beloved Maurice threw himself upon my neck, crying, desolate, but also storming full of rage, furious and violent against the woman who had deserted him, I opened my arms wide and thanked God who had given him back to me.

All my former torments were forgotten. Maurice was himself again, he longed once more to me, the other woman was conquered.—From the French.

He Knew It.

The lawyer laid aside the story of Edison's life and looked out of the club window.

"What a lot of money there is in patents!" he said at last.

The inventor looked up in surprise.

"Sure," he replied. "The trouble is to get it out."

Then he thought of the number of times he had failed and sighed deeply, while the lawyer thoughtfully announced that in that particular feature one line of business was very much like another.—Chicago Post.

Might Be Useful.

Merchant—You say you are an orphan.

Applicant For Position—Yes. I haven't a living relative.

Merchant—Well, I'll take you. I ought to get a lot of work out of you during the baseball season.—Philadelphia Record.

[illegible]

He Is the "Soggarth Aroon" of the Poor and Needy.

There is perhaps no better pastor in the world from the spiritual point of view. The Irish people regard him with mingled feelings of awe and reverence and love. A good deal of this regard is no doubt inspired by superstition—by a dread of the supernatural powers supposed to be possessed by "God's anointed." But, apart from that, Father Pat has secured for himself the warmest corner in the hearts of his flock by his excellent qualities as a spiritual pastor, as a friend when the soul is in need, as a consoler in sickness, distress and misfortune. Many of the priests may lack social grace and culture, but they are eminently fitted for the spiritual duties which, as pastors, they have to discharge. Fine gentlemen not needed for the hard and repellent services—as they appear to secular eyes—of the Catholic church in Ireland.

Father Pat's single minded devotion to the duties of his office, and his keen interest in the spiritual needs of his flock, give him a surer title to the respect and reverence of the people than culture and learning. Besides, he is brought into intimate relations with the people all through life, but especially at its most momentous and solemn occasions. 'Soggarth aroon' is the people's term of endearment for Father Pat, and one of the most popular of the peasants' songs asks:

Who in the winter's night,
Soggarth aroon,
When the cold frost did bite,
Soggarth aroon
Came to my cabin door,
And on my earthen floor
Knelt down sick and poor,
Soggarth aroon?

Regarding them as a body, the priests are indeed a very simple minded, unworldly and warm hearted body of men, without craft or guile—though, according to their enemies, who know them not, these are their distinctive qualities—and they pass through their narrow, joyless and self sacrificing lives cheerfully and gladly, seeking no rewards, so far as this world is concerned, but the esteem and love of their flocks.—Contemporary Review.

A QUEER RUSSIAN GAME

It Involves a Plunge Into Matrimony or a Heavy Forfeit.

In some parts of Russia a queer game is still played at Christmas time which has much to do with the future life of the participants. Some prominent person in the village announces that the annual merrymaking will be held at his house. On the appointed day the young men and women hasten to his house.

There are songs and games and dances, but they are simply a prelude to the more important business of the day. When the time comes, the hostess leads all the girls into one room, where they seat themselves on the benches. Laughing and chattering they are each promptly muffled in winding sheets by the hostess. The head and hair and form are securely covered, and when she is done the girls resemble papooses.

The young men draw lots and one by one they enter the room where the muffled girls sit. Helpless so far as sight or touch goes, the puzzled lover tries to locate his favorite. Maybe she would help him if her eyes were not hidden but he is as helpless as he. Finally he chooses one and then he may unveil her. This is the critical moment and on his prompt or tardy action will be the result of seeing her free.

It is the law of custom that the man shall marry the girl he has picked out and if either makes out a heavy forfeit must be paid. It is said that this method of matrimonial lottery is productive of many happy marriages.—Moscow Correspondence.

The Inspired Camp Cook.

Outing tells about camp cookery including the cook. The genuine camp cook is an artist in his way. The musician makes men hear things entrancing, and the painter brings tears to the eyes if inspired. The camp cook genius, by the very way in which he does his work, makes men hungry.

"The camp cook," says the writer, "should take pride in the artistic handling of his utensils, particularly in the ability to keep half a dozen things going at once. He must keep already cooked things hot, and cook the uncooked things meantime. To do this he has got to understand the kinds of fire to have, whether large or small blaze, hot ashes or redhot embers. He should also know how to get the most work at the least expenditure of labor from his comrades. Something many cooks are lacking in is the way to keep camp dishes clean for cooking. An unwashed apple saucepan will serve to fry trout in, and give them a pleasant taste, but an unwashed fish spider will scarcely serve to cook apple sauce in. In other words, the cook should know when and what to wash."

Professional Pains.

"Is there any particular nervous complaint connected with your profession?" asked the cheerful idiot of the rifleman. "There is the tennis arm, the bicycle face and the bicycle arm, and I thought there might be something of the sort among you gunners."

"No," said the rifleman, "nothing of the sort."

"It is very queer," said the cheerful idiot thoughtfully. "I didn't suppose you could hit the target without taking sharpshooting pains."—Indianapolis Journal.

Sufficient Proof.

"We have been married only a year, Lizzie, yet you no longer dress to please me!"

"That is because you no longer love me, Harold."

"Prove it!"

"Love is blind."—Detroit Free Press.

There are many so credulous of evil that they will receive suspicions and impressions against persons whom they don't know from a person whom they do know—an authority good for nothing.—Herr.

Literature Not Made to Order.

The London [illegible] Times, [illegible] had [illegible] having had a classical [illegible] every book that came out went to every new poet, and became the recognized judge and patron of literature and the arts. The conditions of today have entirely changed the west end man in this respect. He now seldom reads anything but the news or the stock Exchange quotations. It is the west end woman who reads, and therefore the majority of authors write to suit her taste. Even admitting the contention that the women of our time are better educated and more experienced in such matters than they were formerly, the tone of the literature of today shows how injurious is the altered condition of things.

A quarter of a century ago every year some book or books were published which from that moment had to be added to the standard literature of the language. Now years pass by without one such work being produced. As a matter of fact, at this moment the judgment of the provinces and of the colonies is of more value than that of the west end in this respect, for the men in the former have the leisure to read and the ability to discriminate for themselves. The best literary reputations of our generation have not been made by first obtaining the approval of the west end, but by first obtaining popularity in the provinces and in the colonies. The London literary reputations have mostly been attained through what is popularly called "log rolling."—London Truth.

India Rubber Glass.

Scarcely a month passes without our being informed of some new application of glass in art or commerce, but there is one form of glass which is unknown to most people—namely, soft glass or glass paste. Yet it is hundreds of years old.

The old Roman glass makers carried to the grave their secret method of preparing a glass paste which they modeled cold, just as we model clay. This malleable glass, upon which you could get the impression of your finger exactly as with dough, gave off a most pleasant perfume.

Another variety made by the Romans had qualities similar to rubber. If it were thrown down forcibly, it rebounded, if struck with a hammer it yielded and immediately resumed its original shape. It is related that the Emperor Tiberius ordered a workman's head to be cut off so that he should not reveal the secret, the reason given for this act being that if the method of preparation became known people would think no more of gold than of dirt.

The secret of the manufacture of glass paste died with the Roman artisans and has never been discovered. Now we hear that an eminent sculptor, who has a well equipped chemical laboratory, has succeeded in producing a glass paste similar to that described in ancient writings. You can drive nails into it as you can into lead.—Pearson's Weekly.

A Proud, Sensitive Hen.

He was being interviewed on the poultry business when he said: "I don't want to boast, but I do think we have got the knowingest hens in the world in our end of the town. I have a flock of 200, all black. It is a theory of mine that black hens lay better than those of any other color. One day I found a hen in my flock with a few white feathers in her tail. I called the hired man and told him to catch and kill her. 'You can rely on the laying capabilities of a hen with white feathers,' I said. The hen gave me a sorrowful look but did not say a word.

"Next morning the hired man told me that he could not find her. A month or two later I opened a pile of potatoes I had stored in the cellar and found a big hollow space in the center of them. There was a bunch of black feathers in the place, with three white ones standing up in a defiant sort of way. Behind the feathers were 66 eggs. I recognized at once that it was the work of the missing hen. The proud, sensitive creature had stowed herself away and worn herself out laying eggs to prove that the theory was a mistaken one."—Wabash Times.

Journalism.

William Black, the novelist, was once a leader writer for the London News. When asked the other day what he thought of journalism as a literary training, he answered: "I don't know that it was of any particular value in my case, but journalism is most useful in the making of a novelist in that it gives him experience of a large sphere of life, but to get the fullest amount of such experience a man ought to be a reporter. There is now quite a remarkable group of novelists who have been journalists. But journalism itself has undergone a remarkable change since I worked at it. In the last 20 years the newspaper has become a magazine compared with what it was. The daily newspaper is now ready to take anything on any subject—literature, science, art—from anybody, providing only it is interesting."

Planets With Three Suns.

The people inhabiting the planets in the solar system of Gamma have no need of electricity, gas, oil or other kinds of artificial light. In those favored worlds they have continuous daylight, and probably have no idea of a land like ours which is alternately bathed in sunlight and plunged into darkness. The Gammanean planets are so situated that as soon as one of their three suns begins to decline another appears in sight. Each of these three suns is of a different color—red, yellow and blue.—St. Louis Republic.

Beloved, let us love so well, our work shall still be better for our love, and still our love be sweeter for our work, and each commended for the sake of each by all true lovers and true workers born.—Mrs. Browning.

The Bicycle Girl

Or Man—will find—that the—

LIGHTNING HOT DROPS

Is their friend as an external remedy for Pains, Sprains, Cuts, Scalds and Bruises and all like accidental ailments.

CARRY A BOTTLE ALONG.

You will find it particularly nice when Grippe, Pains in the Stomach or Cholera Morbus, for cramps or cholera Morbus, for sale no disturbance as much as the size.

HERB MEDICINE COMPANY,
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Ever Sold for 5c

Not the best CHEAP soap But the cheapest GOOD soap.

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No 13 Weekly Cargo Limited Express daily except Monday	3 30 p m
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No 12 Express daily for New York	2 46 a m
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Through coaches and sleeping cars to New York and Boston.

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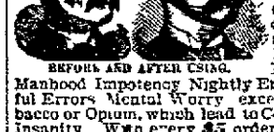
Restored Manhood.

DR. MOTT'S NERVERINE PILLS.


BEFORE AND AFTER USING.

The great remedy for nervous prostration and all nervous diseases of the generative organs of either sex, such as Nervous Prostration, Fading or Lost Manhood, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Youthful Errors, Mental Worry, excessive use of Tobacco or Opium, which lead to Consumption and Insanity. With every $5 order we give a written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Sold at $1.00 per box, 6 boxes for $5.00. DR. MOTT'S CHEMICAL COMPANY, Cleveland, Ohio.

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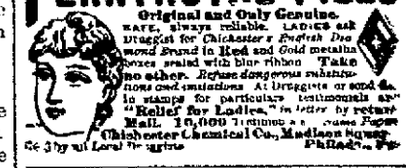

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This Famous Remedy cures quickly and permanently all nervous diseases such as Weak Memory, Loss of Brain Power, Headache, Wakefulness, Lost Vitality, nightly emissions, evil dreams, impotency and wasting diseases caused by youthful errors or excesses. Contains no opiates. Is a nerve tonic and blood builder. Makes the pale and nervous strong and plump. Easily carried in vest pocket. $1 per box, 6 for $5. By mail prepaid with a written guarantee to cure or money refunded. Write us for free medical book, sent sealed in plain wrapper, which contains testimonials and medical references. No charge for consultation. Advice of physicians. Sold by druggists everywhere. NERVE SEED CO., Temple, Chicago.

Sold by Melville Bros, Lima.

Silence was Golden.

At school one always stood the first
The other boy had naught to say,
Yet he is worth a million cool
The smart boy clerks for two a day.

—*Philadelphia Ledger.*

Shake Into Your Shoes

Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet. It cures painful swellings of the joints and instantly takes the sting out of corns and bunions. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Allen's Foot Ease makes tight-fitting or new shoes feel easy. It is a certain cure for sweating, callous and hot, tired, aching feet. Try it to-day. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores, 25c. Trial package free. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

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Enjoys the biggest trade in town, but as we claim to have always been next to the postoffice, (next door) it was fitting that, the latter having vacated its old quarters, we should take possession. So that's what we did, and this

OFFICIAL NOTICE

Is printed so that everybody may know it. It is important that you should know where to find us, for it wouldn't do to have people dropping dead in the street, not knowing where to find us, when we have a whole store full of medicines, with which we gladly save all the lives we can. So, henceforth,

IF ANYTHING'S THE MATTER WITH YOU, GO TO THE POSTOFFICE.

The old postoffice, of course, not the new. There in the future, as in the past, you may feel sure your prescriptions will always be carefully compounded, and at reasonable prices.

See our splendid new line of Fine Perfumes.

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THE DRUGGIST.
OLD POSTOFFICE CORNER.

Pretty Housewives

Would be still prettier if they had less work to do, they wouldn't be so tired at night if they gave up the worrying, exhausting task of baking bread.

Stolzenbach's Quaker Bread

Is wholesome, fresh and pure, besides you can buy it cheaper than you can make it yourself; actual tests have proved this.

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT.

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT PUBL'G CO

COUNTING ROOM 221 NORTH MAIN ST.

TELEPHONE CALL No. 84.

TALES OF THE TOWN.

Preaching this evening in the W. C. T. U hall, west Kibby street, by Rev. G. B. Morse.

W. T. Graves has secured a pension for John Sands for $17 and a back pension of $1,500 for I. N. Smith.

Grover, the seven-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs H. A. Laser, of Tanner avenue, is laid up with rheumatic fever.

The pastoral residence at West and McKibben streets has been beautified by a new sidewalk, side stoning and gutter.

The funeral services of the infant child of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Feigh, of 409 north Union street, were held from the residence yesterday morning and the remains were interred in the old cemetery

Judge Richie was, this morning, hearing a motion made by the attorneys of John B. Boyer, of Piqua, to have the service dismissed against him in the injunction against the Sperring Dry Goods company.

The funeral services of Leonard, the 15 months-old child of Mr and Mrs. A. E Holten, of 1411 west High street, were held from the west Lima Mission Chapel at 1 o'clock yesterday afternoon and the remains were interred in the old cemetery.

Frederick, the two-year old son of Mr. and Mrs George Jones, colored, of the South Side, died yesterday noon from whooping cough. The funeral services were conducted from the residence at 3 o'clock this afternoon by Rev Wm. H Coleman, and the remains were interred in the old cemetery

Barbers and the Fourth

All Union barber shops will be open on Friday, July 3rd, until midnight, and will close at noon on Saturday, July 4th.

JOHN SHORR, President
J. H. HASTINGS, Sec'y and Treas
20 5t

ABOUT PEOPLE.

Who They Are, Where They Have Been or are Going.

Will J. Cooney spent Sunday in Sandusky.

Attorney A. V. Watts, of Ottawa, was in Lima this morning.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Crimmell have returned from a visit to Bellaire.

James Duffield, wife, and daughter, Mamie, spent Sunday at Put-in-Bay.

Mrs. Wm. Wilson, of south Main street, is the guest of friends in Sandusky.

Misses Clara and Minnie Myers, Werst and Manning spent Sunday in Bluffton

Mrs. John Guinan and Mrs Luke O'Brien returned last night from a visit in Dayton.

Attorney Seider, of Paulding, and Attorney Jones, of Piqua, were in the city to-day on legal business.

Geo. F. Geiger has returned from Welker, O., where he has been drilling water wells for the Manhattan Oil Co.

Rev. Fitzwater, of Van Wert, was in the city last evening to hear Bishop W. X Ninde preach at Grace M. E. church.

Miss Katherine McCrate, of Columbus Grove, is the guest of her grandmother, Mrs. Jas. Langan, of west McKibben street.

Mr. and Mrs. F. J. Link and Miss Grace Hiltz have returned to Norwalk, after a week's visit with Mr. and Mrs. H. S Simons and family.

Mrs. George P. Conner and daughters, Rhea and Mabel, of Topeka, Kas, are visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. M. Funk on north Main street.

Mrs. C. C. Wagner, of south Elizabeth street, and her sister, Mrs. Adam Binkley, of St. Marys, were called to Dayton to attend the funeral of their sister, Mrs. James Wikler.

TESTIMONY CLOSED

In the Ogden Damage Suit--Arguments Begun this Afternoon--Jury to be Charged To-Morrow

To-day at noon the taking of testimony in the Ogden anguish case was closed and both sides rested their case. Judge Sheets this afternoon stated that the attorneys in the case would not be limited as to time in their arguments but requested that they finish their arguments by to-morrow noon when the charge will be given to the jury The case was begun one week ago this afternoon and 39 witnesses were examined. The arguments were begun this afternoon at 2 o'clock by attorney Longsworth, who talked upon the legal questions. The probabilities are that only two speeches will be made on each side.

Shirt Waist Sale

At The Metellus Thomson Dry Goods Co 35 cents takes the choice of over 400 Shirt Waists

AMONG THE RAILROADS

Conductor Thomas Bussert, of the C & E, is visiting his family on Broadway.

The railways have concluded to carry the bicycles of delegates to the Christian Endeavor convention at Washington next month free, and for this purpose will provide extra baggage car facilities This will be good news to all wheelmen who contemplate making the journey.

The recently incorporated Chicago and Eastern railway company has located a line from East Chicago to Goshen So far as can be learned the company will build through Whiting, Laporte South Bend, Mishawaka and Elkhart, terminating at Goshen, and the enterprise is said to be well backed financially

Shirt Waist Sale

At The Metellus Thomson Dry Goods Co. 35 cents takes the choice of over 400 Shirt Waists.

ONLY 33 CENTS

Per Year on Each $1,000 on the Tax Duplicate,

WOULD BE THE CITY'S SHARE

If She Were to Help Pay for Paving Spring Street--What a Disinterested Taxpayer Thinks of that Course

As there seems to be some doubt in the minds of a number of our citizens as to the legal right of the city council to pay a certain per cent. for permanent improvements upon any street which shall be paved with brick or asphalt, it is proper to call attention to the law as it now exists

Sections 2263 and 2264, Revised Statutes of Ohio, give to the council the power to assess all of the cost, or any portion thereof, upon the general tax duplicate for the purpose of paying the cost of paving any street or avenue in the city.

This power of the council, however, is limited by law prohibiting a levy in excess of 9 mills on a dollar each year, that being the total amount the council can levy for all purposes

It being right for the council to make a levy each year for permanent improvements, the next question that arises is—is it proper and right to do so? I am decidedly of the opinion that it is not only right to do so on the part of the city council, but it is its duty to charge to the city a fixed proportion of the cost of all permanent street improvements that shall hereafter be made in the city.

If this rule be adopted it would be an incentive to the citizens to improve the city by paving various streets Any policy adopted that will bring about such a result is certainly a proper one.

The benefits arising from paving the city are various, among others; as a sanitary measure, it is a benefit to the entire city: it beautifies the city and increases the valuation of property on all the streets whereon is laid brick or asphalt. In the next place, as an economical measure, it is a profitable step for the city to take, as it reduces the annual cost of maintaining the streets for a number of years, or, simply diverts the fund which now goes toward the purchase, breaking up and dumping upon the streets, broken stone, into another channel, namely: that of paying for good permanent pavements. And in the long run, the latter course is the most economical to the city.

Complaint has been made that a rule which taxes all the property in the city for a portion of the improvements operates unjustly towards the owner of outlying property, but on second thought, this objection is not well taken; because the improvement of the principal streets of a city, extending as they do to the outlying property, places such property within proximity to the improvement which makes it possible, whenever the city demands it to improve and easily reach one of the main thoroughfares which have been improved. The proximity of outlaying property to improved streets, increases its value even though it be not contiguous to such improvement. The expense upon the outlaying property is quite moderate—much less than the resulting benefit

Take for example, Spring street. If the city should pay $12,000 of that improvement, it would cost about 33 cents a year for each person who has property on the tax duplicate valued at $1 000 00, and this tax would continue for five years, aggregating $1 65. What citizen is there in the city of Lima, owning property valued at $1,000 00 on the tax duplicate, who would not gladly contribute $1 65 in five years to see Spring street improved and paved with asphalt—a street leading from the central portion of the city towards Woodlawn cemetery, as well as any other street which extends from the center to the outlaying districts of the city. Every person riding a wheel or driving a carriage should gladly contribute One citizen, in the exuberance of his generosity, said that he would rather pay $50 00 towards having Spring street paved than to see the city adopt a rule by which it would pay a portion of the improvement The gentleman who makes this generous offer, in behalf of himself and certain corporations which otherwise would pay no part towards improving Spring street or any other street, would not, if Main, Market, North, High and Spring streets were all paved from one end to the other, pay into the general fund $50 00 towards such improvements

Another gentleman says. "I am not in favor of having my farm property, which has been brought into the corporation, taxed to pave Market street or any other street." This same gentleman's farm properties would not be taxed for paving Market and Spring streets more than $10 00 and the same farm property would be benefitted many hundreds of dollars because of their being contiguous to said streets, when they shall be improved.

The total amount of property on the tax duplicate of Lima is $7,202,469 00. To raise sufficient money to do all the paving as rapidly as the citizens are likely to proceed, the city would not need to levy more than one mill per annum, provided that the time of payment for improvements runs over a period of eight to ten years

The city of Cincinnati, which pays one-half the cost of public improvements, or fifty per cent, has found it a profitable investment from two standpoints first, economy in maintaining the streets, and second, the increased value of the property abutting upon the improved streets, and this independent of the general sanitary condition of the city, which is greatly improved.

FOR BETTER STREETS

Y. M. C. A. Basket Ball at Hover's Lake

Tuesday evening at 7 p. m, the first game of out door basket ball will be in order The business men's team, with T. E Tompson, captain, and the seniors, with W. J. Morris, captain, will without doubt make a very exciting, as well as a scientific game. Officers--Referee, S J Dalzell; umpires, C Churchill and R J. Plate, time keeper and scorer, E. Andrews.

FROST THIS MORNING.

The Banta Robbers Before Judge Richie.

Lee and Frank Frost Sentenced to One Year in the Ohio Penitentiary—Warning Words from Judge Richie

The last act relative to the Banta robbery occurred this morning about 9 30 o'clock in the lower court room at the court house. At that hour Judge Richie ordered Deputy Sheriff Doit Fisher to bring Lee and Frank Frost before him for sentence. The boys had not had a jury trial, for they had confessed their guilt, knowing there was a strong case against them The boys are cousins, Frank's parents living here, while Lee's home is in Cleveland The boys are only about 17 or 18 years old, but are well developed for their age. They have bright faces with clear expression and have not the appearance of the ordinary thief or criminal. They had no reason to give why sentence should not be imposed The judge then warned them of the dangerous start they had made in their bold attempt at robbery, and pictured to them the end that will inevitably follow with so much remorse and sadness to themselves if persisted in. They stood with bowed heads when the judge reminded them that they, by attempting to obtain worldly goods unlawfully, had disgraced themselves, and that their disgrace reflected upon their parents and had brought pain to their mothers' hearts. He said he had sympathy for them and wished that he could send them to a reform farm or some place of confinement other than the penitentiary, but at present the penitentiary was the only place for them He was disposed to be as lenient as the law would permit him and gave each of the boys a sentence of one year in the penitentiary. Brown, the other companion who assisted in the robbery, was sentenced some time ago and is now serving his sentence at the State prison. Sheriff Fisher will leave with the boys this afternoon for Columbus.

SERIOUS CHARGE.

Elwood Mormon Taken to Bellefontaine by Sheriff Sullivan—Arrested by Doit Fisher.

Sheriff Fisher received word, Saturday, from Sheriff Sullivan, of Bellefontaine, that a man by the name of Elwood Mormon was wanted at Bellefontaine for attempted rape. Deputy Sheriff Doit Fisher, upon consulting the directory, found that a fellow by that name was working in the South Side machine shops Doit went to the shops and secured his man After placing him under arrest he telegraphed Sheriff Sullivan that he had found his man, and that he was under arrest. Yesterday Sheriff Sullivan came to Lima and took Morman back to Bellefontaine to answer to the charge against him He has been in Lima for some time and was staying at his father's home at 1721 Watt avenue, Solarville.

Shirt Waist Sale

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Great Twenty-Mile Harmon Road Race.

In connection with the National Circuit road races on July 25th, this great race will be given and the prize list will be a good one. The first place prize will probably be a full nickel-plated Model 44 Columbia, and the first time prize a diamond valued at $100. There will be at least 25 prizes in all, and they will be fully up to the standard of other years Don't fail to send for your friends to come to Lima on this date, and let them see that we can give them one of the greatest cycling events in the history of Ohio

The National Circuit races will bring all the cracker jacks, such as Bald, Sanger, Cooper, Bliss, Gardner, Titus and others. The greatest trick cyclist known, Mr. Lee Richardson, has been engaged, and to see him alone will be worth the price of admission, which has been fixed at the low price of 25 cents It is not often that you can see these people at this price as in the cities you must pay from 50 cents to $1 00 to see these same people Make your arrangements to be at the Circuit races and you will get full value for your money. Entry blanks and price list will be ready Monday.

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KNIGHTS OF ST. JOHN

Will Meet Next Year at Peoria, Illinois

In the Prize Drill Crawfordsville, Ind., Takes First Honors—Other Important Items

The Knights of St John annual encampment closed at Dayton Saturday noon. In the last session Saturday the military committee submitted a report suggesting that the chair appoint a committee to prepare a code of regulations to govern the drill, uniform and organization of the uniformed rank of the Knights of St. John, and report to the board of supreme trustees. Report concurred in.

The charter fee of new commanderies was fixed at $25, and the annual salary of the supreme president at $200. The clause relative to holding memorial services and decoration of the graves of the dead, after considerable discussion, was postponed for future consideration.

The clause which provides that civic offices of the commanderies may be held by non-uniformed members, while offices of a military character can be held only by members of the uniformed rank, was adopted. A report embracing matters of a religious nature was presented by Rev. J. M. Feldman, chairman of the committee on resolutions.

The committee which had been appointed to confer with the committee of the Y. M. I, submitted its report. After some discussion the whole matter was referred to the board of supreme trustees

With but very little opposition all of last year's officers were re-elected, the supreme president being H. J. Werst, of Wapakoneta; trustees being Frank Speckert, of Louisville, Ky, and Jos. F Cody, of Peoria, Ill.

The place selected for the next convention and encampment is Erie, Pa

In the prize drill contests, Crawfordsville (Indiana) Commandery, Captain John Dewey, was awarded first prize for the best drilled commandery, $500 Indianapolis No. 192, second, $250; Columbus No 98, third, $150; Evansville (Ind) No. 250, fourth, $100 Cincinnati Commandery No. 163, got first prize for the largest number in parade, $75, and Cadet Commandery of Columbus, second, $25.

Associated Charities.

The Board and Ward Committees meet Tuesday, June 30th, at 5.30 o'clock, to allow bills and finish up the business for the year Merchants having orders will please hand them to the secretary.

H S PROPHET, President.
MRS E F DAVIS, Secretary.

A Big Gasser.

H C Neely, while drilling a well on the German lease in Van Wert county, Saturday, struck one of the biggest gas wells found in northwestern Ohio. He is drilling another well three miles southwest of Middlepoint on the Flager farm and expects to strike the sand to-day.

2 York Shillings

Takes you in the big door of the Congregational meeting house to-night. Come, hear the good old songs and be happy in the old fashioned way It

All Wheelmen

Are invited to join in a tour over the twenty mile road race course. Meet at F. E. Harman's, 215 north Main street, Tuesday evening, 6 30 sharp.

Shirt Waist Sale

At the Metellus Thomson Dry Goods Co. 35 cents takes the choice of over 400 Shirt Waists

FIREWORKS!

FLAGS!

All the Novelties in

PYROTECHNICS!

Special prices on Lawn Displays if bought in advance.

DOWNARD & SON,
BOOKSELLERS.

GEO. W. COE.
Piano Tuner.
FIRST CLASS WORK.
Leave order at Downard & Son's book store, or telephone No 263

THE LAST WEEK!

For tickets on the "96" Columbia Bicycle to be given away to the customers of the

COLUMBIA SHOE STORE,

Bicycle to be given away

JULY 4th.

Buy your Shoes this week and Save Dollars at the

Summer Clearing Sale.

Try and see how cheap you can buy a pair of fine Shoes.

Ladies' $4.00 Tan Shoes, for $3.00.
Ladies' $3.00 Tan Shoes, for $2.25.
Ladies' $2 50 Tan Oxfords, for $1.75.
Ladies' $1 50 Tan Oxfords, for $1.00.

GENT'S TANS.

Out of season prices, now is the time you want them. Now is the time we want to sell
Gent's $5.00 wine needle toe Shoe, $3 75.
Gent's $5.00 white duck top tan, hand sewed Shoes, for $3.50.
Gent's $4.00 tans, for $3.00.
Gent's $3.50 Ox blood tans, for $2.50.
Gent's $2 00 tans, for $1.50.

We must reduce our stock of tans, no matter what they will bring. Try us this week. Your shoes polished free at our store.

THE COLUMBIA,
The Leading Shoe House, Lima, O.

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